2016 Subdivision Staging Policy

Draft Policy Area Test and Transportation Impact Tax Slides for MCPB Worksession #4 on 6/28/16

DISCUSSION TOPICS

Policy Area Transportation Test

- Public Hearing Draft recommendations
- Possible modifications in response to testimony

Transportation Impact Tax

- Public Hearing Draft recommendations
- Possible modifications in response to testimony

Local Area Transportation Review – follow up

• Clarification of a couple recommendations

Recommendation #3:

Adopt a new Policy Area transportation test based on transit accessibility.

Transit Accessibility test:

- No Roadway Adequacy Test
- Transit Adequacy Test the proportion of transit accessibility that can be achieved within the next 15 years based on land use changes and the implementation of transit facilities within this time frame. Compares 2015 with 2025 and 2040 setting a threshold for adequacy at 40%.

TPAR (current Policy Area adequacy test):

- Roadway Adequacy Test must meet a minimum Level of Service (LOS) of 40% (LOS E)
- Transit Adequacy Test must meet minimum levels of span of service and coverage, and maximum headway for local bus service

Under Transit Accessibility Test

- Red Policy Areas (MSPAs) and Green (rural) Policy Areas are exempt from the Transit Accessibility Test (Recommendation #4)
- If a policy area is found to be inadequate achieving less than 40% of expected transit accessibility in 40% of the time to 2040, mitigation equals 25% of the applicable impact tax

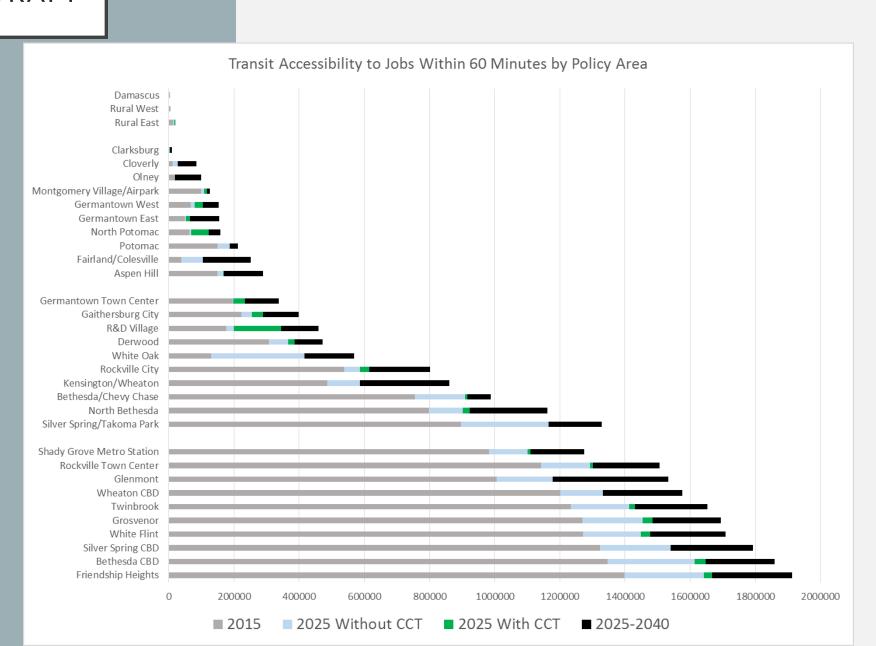
Under TPAR

- Currently all Urban policy areas are adequate for roadway LOS with the exception of White Oak and Bethsda Chevy-Chase
- Within the Urban policy areas all MSPAs are exempt from Transit Adequacy Test
- Rural Areas are also exempt from the Transit Adequacy
 Test
- If either Roadway or Transit Test is inadequate, mitigation equals 25% of the applicable impact tax

Transit Accessibility Test by Policy Area

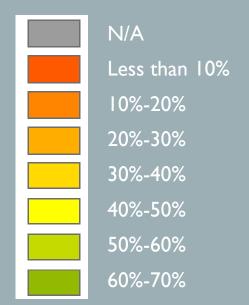
The proportion of transit accessibility that can be achieved within the next 15 years based on land use changes and the implementation of transit facilities within this time frame.

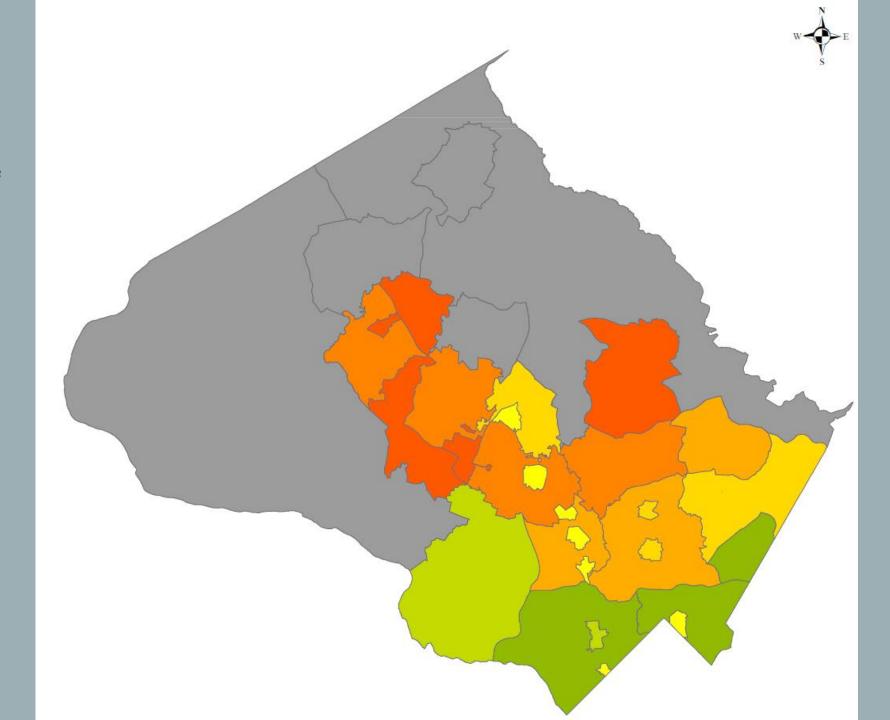
Compares 2015 with 2025 and 2040 setting a threshold for adequacy at 40% (as 2025 is 40% of the time frame between 2015 and 2040)



Adequate Transit Accessibility

Percentage of Jobs Accessible with the 2040 Transit Network achievable with the 2025 Transit Network.





Results of the Transit Accessibility Test by Policy Area

If transit accessibility measured in 2025 is at least 40% of 2040 transit accessibility, the policy area is adequate with respect to its transit accessibility goal.

If transit accessibility measured in 2025 is less than 40% of 2040 transit accessibility, the policy area is inadequate and mitigation is required.

Policy Area	Adequate Transit Accessibility	
Friendship Heights	exempt	
Bethesda CBD	exempt	
Silver Spring CBD	exempt	
White Flint	exempt	
Grosvenor	exempt	
Twinbrook	exempt	
Wheaton CBD	exempt	
Glenmont	exempt	
Rockville Town Center	exempt	
Shady Grove Metro Station	exempt	
Silver Spring/Takoma Park	adequate	
North Bethesda	inadequate	
Bethesda/Chevy Chase	adequate	
Kensington/Wheaton	inadequate	
Rockville City	inadequate	
White Oak	adequate	
Derwood	adequate	
R&D Village	adequate	
Gaithersburg City	inadequate	
Germantown Town Center	inadequate	
Aspen Hill	inadequate	
Fairland/Colesville	inadequate	
Potomac	adequate	
North Potomac	adequate	
Germantown East	inadequate	
Germantown West	adequate	
Montgomery Village/Airpark	adequate	
Olney	inadequate	
Cloverly	inadequate	
Clarksburg	adequate	
Rural East	exempt	
Rural West	exempt	
Damascus	exempt	

Results of the Transit Accessibility Test by Policy Area

Consider partial mitigation:

If transit accessibility in 2025 is between 30%-40% of 2040 transit accessibility, the policy area is inadequate and partial mitigation is required equal to 15% of the applicable impact tax.

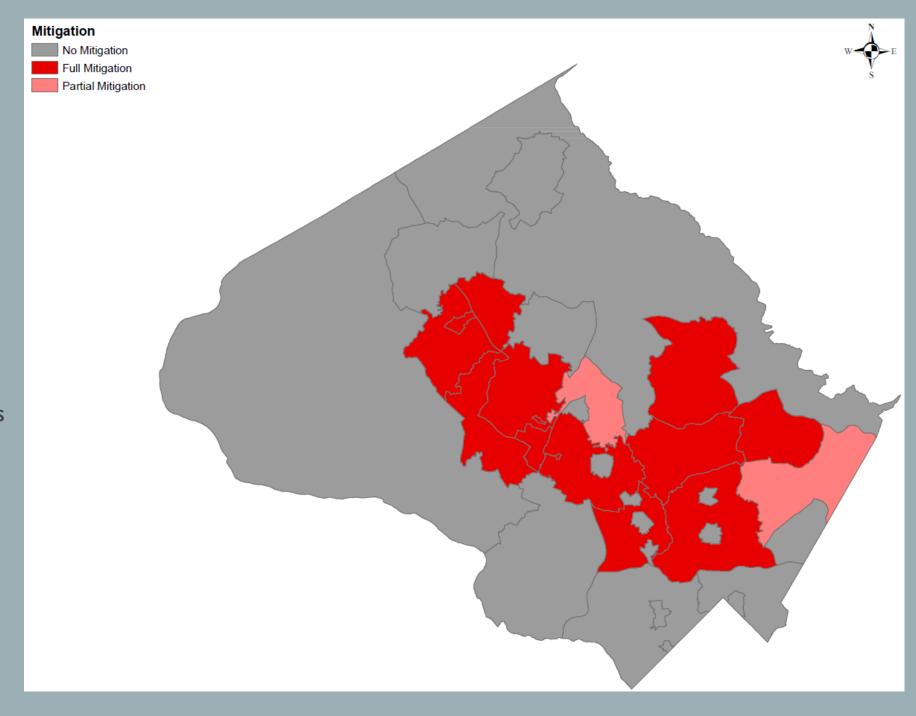
If transit accessibility in 2025 is less than 30% of 2040 transit accessibility, the policy area is inadequate and full mitigation is required equal to 25% of the applicable impact tax.

Policy Area	Adequate Transit Accessibility	
Friendship Heights	exempt	
Bethesda CBD	exempt	
Silver Spring CBD	exempt	
White Flint	exempt	
Grosvenor	exempt	
Twinbrook	exempt	
Wheaton CBD	exempt	
Glenmont	exempt	
Rockville Town Center	exempt	
Shady Grove Metro Station	exempt	
Silver Spring/Takoma Park	adequate	
North Bethesda	partial mitigation	
Bethesda/Chevy Chase	adequate	
Kensington/Wheaton	full mitigation	
Rockville City	partial mitigation	
White Oak	adequate	
Derwood	adequate	
R&D Village	adequate	
Gaithersburg City	partial mitigation	
Germantown Town Center	full mitigation	
Aspen Hill	full mitigation	
Fairland/Colesville	partial mitigation	
Potomac	adequate	
North Potomac	adequate	
Germantown East	full mitigation	
Germantown West	adequate	
Montgomery Village/Airpark	adequate	
Olney	full mitigation	
Cloverly	full mitigation	
Clarksburg	adequate	
Rural East	exempt	
Rural West	exempt	
Damascus	exempt	

Mitigation - If transit accessibility measured in 2025 is between less than 40% of 2040 transit accessibility, the policy area is inadequate mitigation is required.

If transit accessibility in 2025 is between 30%-40% of 2040 transit accessibility, the policy area is inadequate and partial mitigation is required equal to 15% of the applicable impact tax.

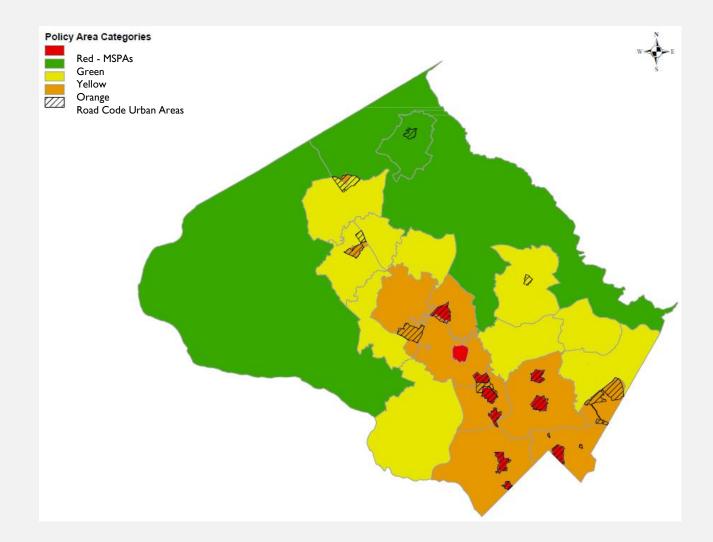
If transit accessibility in 2025 is less than 30% of 2040 transit accessibility, the policy area is inadequate and full mitigation is required equal to 25% of the applicable impact tax.



Recommendation #4:

Do not apply the Policy Area test in the Red Policy Areas (MSPAs) or the Green (rural) Policy Areas.

No testimony specifically addressing this element. Not a change from the current TPAR Transit Adequacy Test application.





Comparison of Transit Accessibility Results to TPAR
Transit Adequacy Test

Policy Area	Transit Accessibility Adequacy	2014 TPAR Transit Adequacy		
Friendship Heights	exempt	exempt		
Bethesda CBD	exempt	exempt		
Silver Spring CBD	exempt	exempt		
White Flint	exempt	exempt		
Grosvenor	exempt	exempt		
Twinbrook	exempt	exempt		
Wheaton CBD	exempt	exempt		
Glenmont	exempt	exempt		
Rockville Town Center	exempt	exempt		
Shady Grove Metro Station	exempt	exempt		
Silver Spring/Takoma Park	adequate	inadequate		
North Bethesda	inadequate	inadequate		
Bethesda/Chevy Chase	adequate	inadequate		
Kensington/Wheaton	inadequate	inadequate		
Rockville City	inadequate	inadequate		
White Oak	adequate	inadequate		
Derwood	adequate	inadequate		
R&D Village	adequate	inadequate		
Gaithersburg City	inadequate	adequate		
Germantown Town Center	inadequate	inadequate		
Aspen Hill	inadequate	adequate		
Fairland/Colesville	inadequate	inadequate		
Potomac	adequate	inadequate		
North Potomac	adequate	inadequate		
Germantown East	inadequate	inadequate		
Germantown West	adequate	inadequate		
Montgomery Village/Airpark	adequate*	inadequate		
Olney	inadequate	inadequate		
Cloverly	inadequate	inadequate		
Clarksburg	adequate*	inadequate		
Rural East	exempt	exempt		
Rural West	exempt	exempt		
Damascus	exempt	exempt		

Orange Policy Areas:

Bethesda-Chevy Chase

Derwood

Gaithersburg City

Germantown Town Center

Kensington/Wheaton

North Bethesda

R&D Village

Rockville City

Silver Spring/Takoma Park

White Oak

Examples:

Silver Spring/Takoma Park

Under TPAR

- Adequate roadway level of service
- Inadequate transit service
- Mitigation payment = 25% of impact tax

Under Transit Accessibility Test

- No roadway adequacy test
- Adequate Transit Accessibility
- No mitigation required

Derwood

Under TPAR

- Adequate roadway level of service
- Inadequate transit service
- Mitigation payment = 25% of impact tax

- No roadway adequacy test
- Adequate Transit Accessibility
- No mitigation required

Orange Policy Areas:

Bethesda-Chevy Chase

Derwood

Gaithersburg City

Germantown Town Center

Kensington/Wheaton

North Bethesda

R&D Village

Rockville City

Silver Spring/Takoma Park

White Oak

Bethesda-Chevy Chase

Under TPAR

- Inadequate roadway level of service
- Inadequate for transit service
- Mitigation payment = 50% of impact tax

Under Transit Accessibility Test

- No roadway adequacy test
- Adequate Transit Accessibility
- No mitigation payment

Germantown Town Center

Under TPAR

- Adequate roadway level of service
- Inadequate transit service
- Mitigation payment = 25% of impact tax

- No roadway adequacy test
- Inadequate Transit Accessibility less than 30%
- Mitigation payment = 25% of impact tax

Orange Policy Areas:

Bethesda-Chevy Chase

Derwood

Gaithersburg City

Germantown Town Center

Kensington/Wheaton

North Bethesda

R&D Village

Rockville City

Silver Spring/Takoma Park

White Oak

R&D Village

Under TPAR

- Adequate roadway level of service
- Inadequate for transit service
- Mitigation payment = 25% of impact tax

Under Transit Accessibility Test

- No roadway adequacy test
- Adequate Transit Accessibility
- No mitigation payment

Gaithersburg City

Under TPAR

- Inadequate roadway level of service
- Adequate transit service
- Mitigation payment = 25% of impact tax

- No roadway adequacy test
- Inadequate Transit Accessibility between 30%-40%
- Mitigation payment = 15% of impact tax

Yellow Policy areas:

Aspen Hill

Clarksburg

Cloverly

Fairland/Coleville

Germantown East

Germantown West

Potomac

Montgomery Village/ Airpark

North Potomac

Olney

Aspen Hill

Under TPAR

- Inadequate roadway level of service
- Adequate transit service
- Mitigation payment = 25% of impact tax

Under Transit Accessibility Test

- No roadway adequacy test
- Inadequate Transit Accessibility less than 30%
- Mitigation payment = 25% of impact tax

Clarksburg

Under TPAR

- Adequate roadway level of service
- Inadequate for transit service
- Mitigation payment = 25% of impact tax

- No roadway adequacy test
- Transit Accessibility N/A
- No Mitigation payment

Yellow Policy Areas:

Aspen Hill

Clarksburg

Cloverly

Fairland/Coleville

Germantown East

Germantown West

Potomac

Montgomery Village/ Airpark

North Potomac

Olney

Fairland/Colesville

Under TPAR

- Inadequate roadway level of service
- Inadequate transit service
- Mitigation payment = 50% of impact tax

Under Transit Accessibility Test

- No roadway adequacy test
- Inadequate Transit Accessibility between 30%-40%
- Mitigation payment = 15% of impact tax

Germantown East

Under TPAR

- Adequate roadway level of service
- Inadequate transit service
- Mitigation payment = 25% of impact tax

- No roadway adequacy test
- Inadequate Transit Accessibility less than 30%
- Mitigation payment = 25% of impact tax

Green Policy Areas:

Damascus Rural East Rural West

Damascus

Under TPAR

- Adequate roadway level of service
- Adequate transit service
- No Mitigation payment

Under Transit Accessibility Test

- No roadway adequacy test
- Exempt from transit test
- No mitigation payment

Rural East and Rural West

Under TPAR

- Exempt from roadway and transit tests
- No mitigation payment

- No roadway adequacy test
- Exempt from transit test
- No mitigation payment

PUBLIC HEARING DRAFT TESTIMONY

Determine the accessibility of jobs and housing to transit within the policy plan area – not the region.

The proposed Transit Accessibility metric is intended to provide a relative comparison among Policy Areas as to how each is progressing toward attaining its own unique threshold for accessibility as reflected by planned land use and transit system improvements.

Transit Accessibility combines walk-access to transit with transit access to regional destinations, so that both "access to transit" and "access on transit" elements of the transit trip are considered.

We strongly object to the proposed change to go to transit accessibility as a new transportation adequacy test. The Board should better address delays and queuing that result from congested traffic congestion. A consequence of the proposal would be a worsening of traffic conditions while planners embrace a future and unfunded multimodal transit plan.

The Public Hearing Draft includes a framework for more detailed review of the road network in a congested area than exists under the current SSP process.

The transit accessibility test incorporates a metric – job accessibility via transit – that measures adequacy in terms of progress toward transit accessibility goals based on those transit system assumptions that are funded.



PUBLIC HEARING DRAFT TESTIMONY

I support the changes to the SSP. Moving away from traffic impact tests based solely on traffic delay is a first step toward a more sustainable future for Montgomery. We need growth guidelines that evaluate whether development offers more transportation options – particularly transit, walking and biking and decreases the amount residents have to drive.

Staff concurs that the Public Hearing Draft reflects an approach that is (1) consistent with views of some (but not all) in the community as expressed at community meetings, (2) responsive to many concerns heard at the Infrastructure and Growth Forum in March 2015, (3) sensitive to new initiatives nationwide that examine how best to measure adequacy for all users, (4) reflective of some of the overarching objectives identified through the TISTWG process and (5) responsive to the Planning Board request to look beyond level of service for new approaches during this SSP review.



PUBLIC HEARING DRAFT TESTIMONY

MCDOT supports the intentions of the Public Hearing Draft of the 2016 SSP revisions and the focus on improving transit accessibility, analyzing people instead of vehicles, improving transparency, and streamlining processes. However, we believe it better to understand the concerns with the current TPAR process. We feel TPAR to be conceptually successful at its goals.

Transit Accessibility most succinctly addresses the interest (incorporated within the Council's request) to develop a metric that measures progress in the development of the master planned BRT network. The TPAR metrics are useful in assessing a short term transit service plan but not as well suited for defining adequacy for a longer term horizon.

There have been no substantial TPAR contributions made since the approval of TPAR. Therefore, it may be premature to draw conclusions on the effectiveness of the program given how few new developments have yet utilized it.

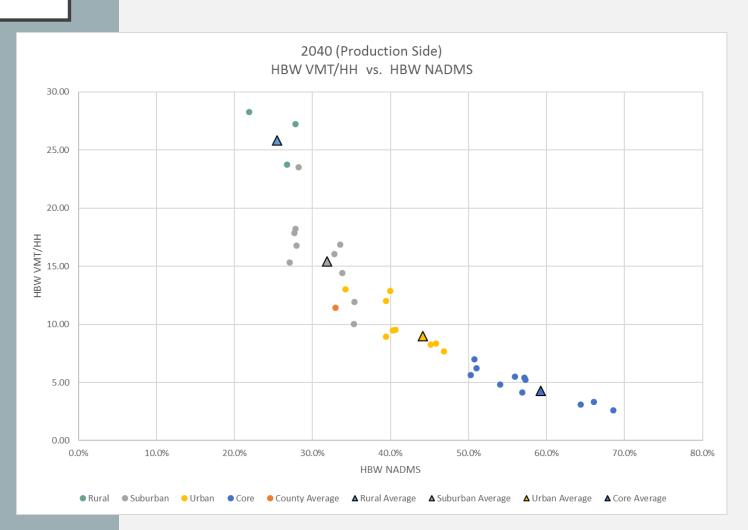
The exclusion of TPAR as a regulatory tool in the 2016 Draft SSP is largely in response to its limitations with respect to the evaluation the transportation adequacy benefits of premium transit service. None of the existing funding sources (Countywide Transportation Impact Tax, Special District Tax, TPAR exactions, or PAMR exactions) have at this point contributed a significant percentage of the funds required to support expansion projects in the CIP.

Recommendation #12

Update Transportation Impact Taxes using current CIP projects.

Adjust rates based on estimates of current Vehicle Miles of Travel (VMT) for trips to work which is a readily available – and relevant – measurement to use in establishing Policy Area specific rates for residential development.

A similar and complementary metric for commercial development is the non-auto driver mode share for trips to work.





Transportation Impact Taxes

- Last update was in 2007 based on a CIP more than
 9 years old
- Align tax districts with policy area categories
- Opportunity to include discount factors related to per capita VMT, NADMS, and recognizing parking reductions where applicable
- Recent bill introduced by members of the Council proposed removing the rate reduction for MSPAs as well as the premium applied to the Clarksburg rate

Public Testimony

Concern with change in the rate for office use and change in discount factors applied by policy area categories.

Related concern is that some policy areas may have higher rates as a result of the change in discount factors

Recommendation

Update Transportation Impact Taxes using current CIP projects.

Adjust rates based on estimates of current Vehicle Miles of Travel (VMT) for trips to work which is a readily available – and relevant – measurement to use in establishing Policy Area specific rates for residential development.

A similar and complementary metric for commercial development is the non-auto driver mode share for trips to work.

Transportation Impact Taxes

Public Testimony

Concern with change in the rate for office use and change in discount factors applied by policy area categories.

Related concern is that some policy areas may have higher rates as a result of the change in discount factors



General District Rate Comparison					
Land Use	2007 Calculated Rates	2007 Adopted Rates	2016 Calculated Rates	2016 Rates When Applying 2007 Percentage Adjustment to 2016 Calculated Rates	2015 (Current) Rates - General District
Residential					
SF Detached	\$8,380	\$10,649	\$11,499	\$14,613	\$13,966
MF Residential	\$5,884		\$8,032		
SF Attached		\$8,713		\$8,351	\$11,427
Garden Apartments		\$6,776		\$9,250	\$8,886
High - Rise Apartments		\$4,840		\$6,607	\$6,347
Multi-Family Senior		\$1,936		\$2,643	\$2,539
Commercial					
Office	\$11.56	\$9.69	\$16.04	\$13.45	\$12.75
Industrial	\$5.39	\$4.85	\$7.43	\$6.69	\$6.35
Bioscience		\$0.00		\$0.00	\$0.00
Retail	\$18.80	\$8.67	\$25.93	\$11.96	\$11.40
Place of Worship		\$0.51		\$0.70	\$0.65
Private School		\$0.77		\$1.06	\$1.05
Hospital		\$0.00		\$0.00	\$0.00

- Adjust Residential Rates based on Home Based Work Vehicle Miles of Travel
- Adjust Commercial Rates based on Home Based Work mode share
- Set ancillary retail rate at zero for first 10,000 GSF in vertical mixed use
- Proposed adjustment for ReducedParking

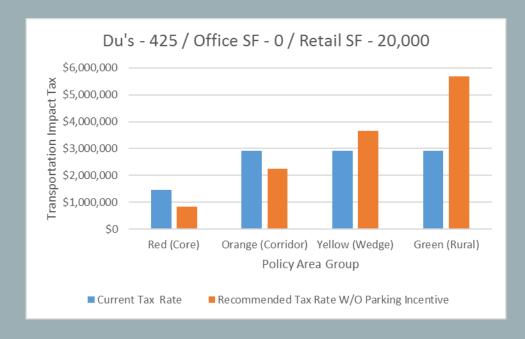
Multipliers for General District Transportation Impact Tax Rates

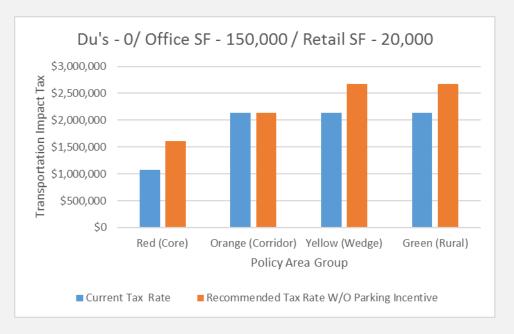
Policy Area Type	Residential	Commercial
Red Policy Areas	0.25	0.75
Orange Policy Areas	0.75	1.00
Yellow Policy Areas	1.25	1.25
Green Policy Areas	2.00	1.25

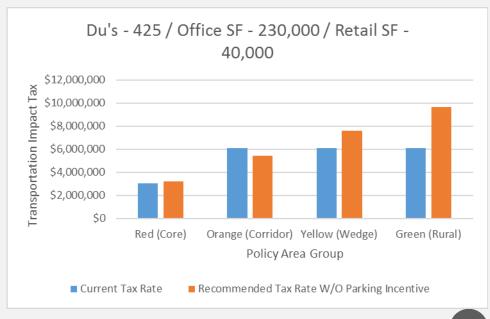
General District Rate Comparison Current MSPA & Clarskburg Rates				aring Draft Aft t General Dist		
2015 (Current) Rates - General District	2015 (Current) Rates - Metro Station	2015 (Current) Rates - Clarksburg	Core	Corridor	Residential	Rural
			0.25	0.75	1.25	2.00
\$13,966	\$6,984	\$20,948	\$3,492	\$10,475	\$17,478	\$27,932
\$11,427	\$5,714	\$17,141	\$2,857	\$8,570	\$14,284	\$22,854
\$8,886	\$4,443	\$13,330	\$2,222	\$6,665	\$11,108	\$17,772
\$6,347	\$3,174	\$9,522	\$1,587	\$4,760	\$7,934	\$12,694
\$2,539	\$1,269	\$3,808	\$635	\$1,904	\$3,174	\$5,078
			0.75	1.00	1.25	1.25
\$12.75	\$6.35	\$15.30	\$9.56	\$12.75	\$15.94	\$15.94
\$6.35	\$3.20	\$7.60	\$4.76	\$6.35	\$7.94	\$7.94
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00				
\$11.40	\$5.70	\$13.70	\$8.55	\$11.40	\$14.25	\$14.25
\$0.65	\$0.35	\$0.90				
\$1.05	\$0.50	\$1.35				
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00				
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00				
\$6.35	\$3.20	\$7.60	\$4.76	\$6.35	\$7.94	\$7.94

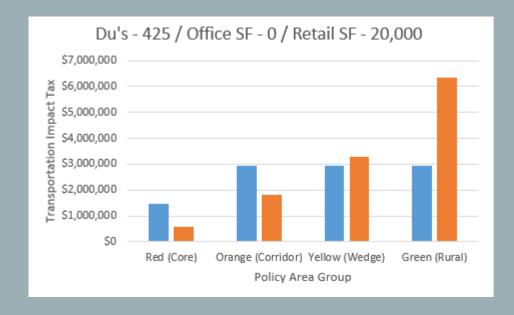
Table 1: Recommended New Adjustment Factors to Transportation Impact Tax Base Rates

Policy Area Type	Residential HBW VMT	Ratio of impact to County Average	Proposed as Policy	Commercial HBW NADMS	Ratio of impact to County Average	Proposed as Policy
County Average	11.45			32.6		
Core	4.27	37%	0.25	45.2	81%	0.75
Urban	9.01	79%	0.75	28.3	106%	1.00
Suburban	15.39	134%	1.25	16.6	124%	1.25
Rural	25.84	226%	2.00	10.2	133%	1.25









With a parking incentive





	Estimated	Transpo	rtation Imp	act Taxes			
Project Type	Example Location	DU's	Office SF	Retail SF	Current Tax Structure	Recommeded Tax Structure Without Parking Incentive Applied	Difference From Current
425 Residential Units, 20,000 sf Retail	Red	425	0	20,000	\$1,462,950	\$845,369	(\$617,581)
425 Residential Units, 20,000 sf Retail	Orange	425	0	20,000	\$2,925,475	\$2,251,106	(\$674,369)
425 Residential Units, 20,000 sf Retail	Yellow	425	0	20,000	\$2,925,475	\$3,656,844	\$731,369
425 Residential Units, 20,000 sf Retail	Green	425	0	20,000	\$2,925,475	\$5,679,950	\$2,754,475

	Estimated Transportation Impact Taxes								
Project Type	Example Location	DU's	Office SF	Retail SF	Current Tax Structure	Recommeded Tax Structure Without Parking Incentive Applied	Difference From Current		
425 Residential Units, 230,000 sf Office, 40,000 sf Retail	Red	425	230,000	40,000	\$3,037,450	\$3,215,744	\$178,294		
425 Residential Units, 230,000 sf Office, 40,000 sf Retail	Orange	425	230,000	40,000	\$6,085,975	\$5,411,606	(\$674,369)		
425 Residential Units, 230,000 sf Office, 40,000 sf Retail	Yellow	425	230,000	40,000	\$6,085,975	\$7,607,469	\$1,521,494		
425 Residential Units, 230,000 sf Office, 40,000 sf Retail	Green	425	230,000	40,000	\$6,085,975	\$9,630,575	\$3,544,600		

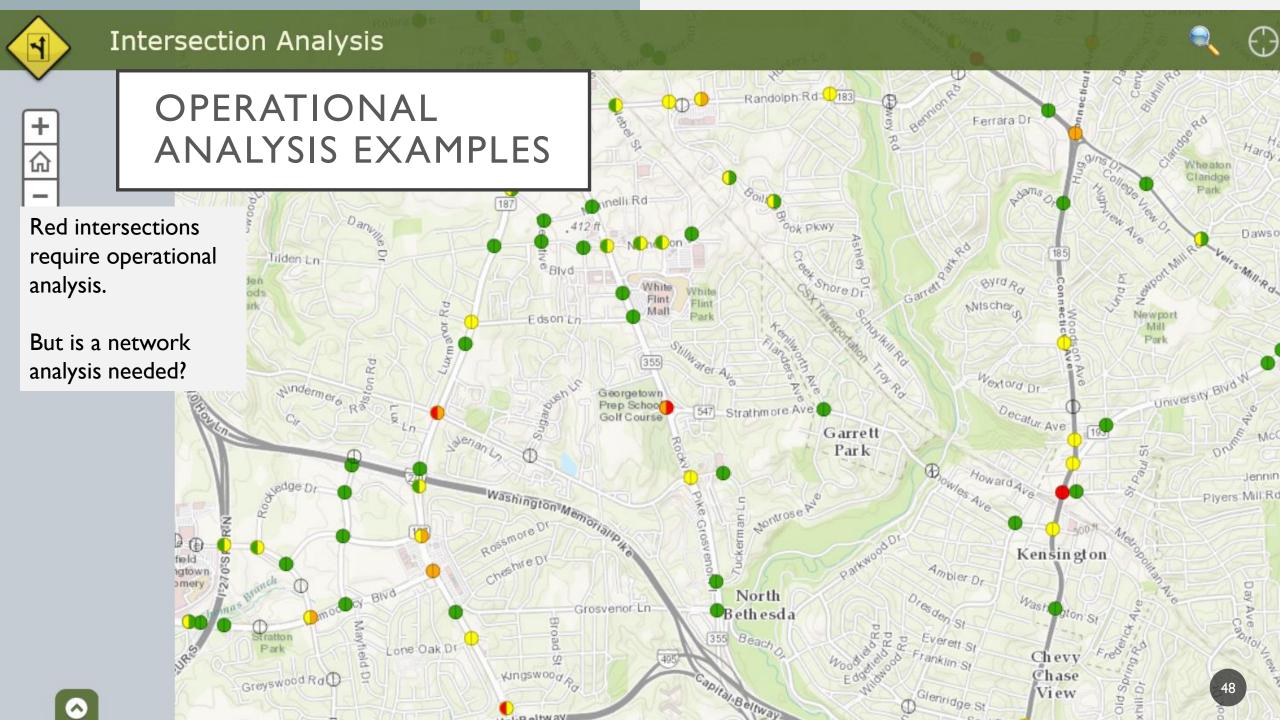
Estimated Transportation Impact Taxes								
Project Type	Example Location	DU's	Office SF	Retail SF	Current Tax Structure	Recommeded Tax Structure Without Parking Incentive Applied	Difference From Current	
150,000 sf Office, 20,000 sf Retail	Red	0	150,000	20,000	\$1,066,500	\$1,605,375	\$538,875	
150,000 sf Office, 20,000 sf Retail	Orange	0	150,000	20,000	\$2,140,500	\$2,140,500	\$0	
150,000 sf Office, 20,000 sf Retail	Yellow	0	150,000	20,000	\$2,140,500	\$2,675,625	\$535,125	
150,000 sf Office, 20,000 sf Retail	Green	0	150,000	20,000	\$2,140,500	\$2,675,625	\$535,125	

REDUCED PARKING INCENTIVE

- Eligible for properties in Reduced Parking
 Areas
- Applicable for sites proposing a number of spaces equal to or less than the
 Baseline Minimum
- Reduced Vehicle Trip Generation Rates proportional to percentage reduction from the minimum requirement
- Transportation Impact Tax discounted for parking reductions in the Reduced
 Parking Areas

LATR FOLLOW UP

INTERSECTION OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS





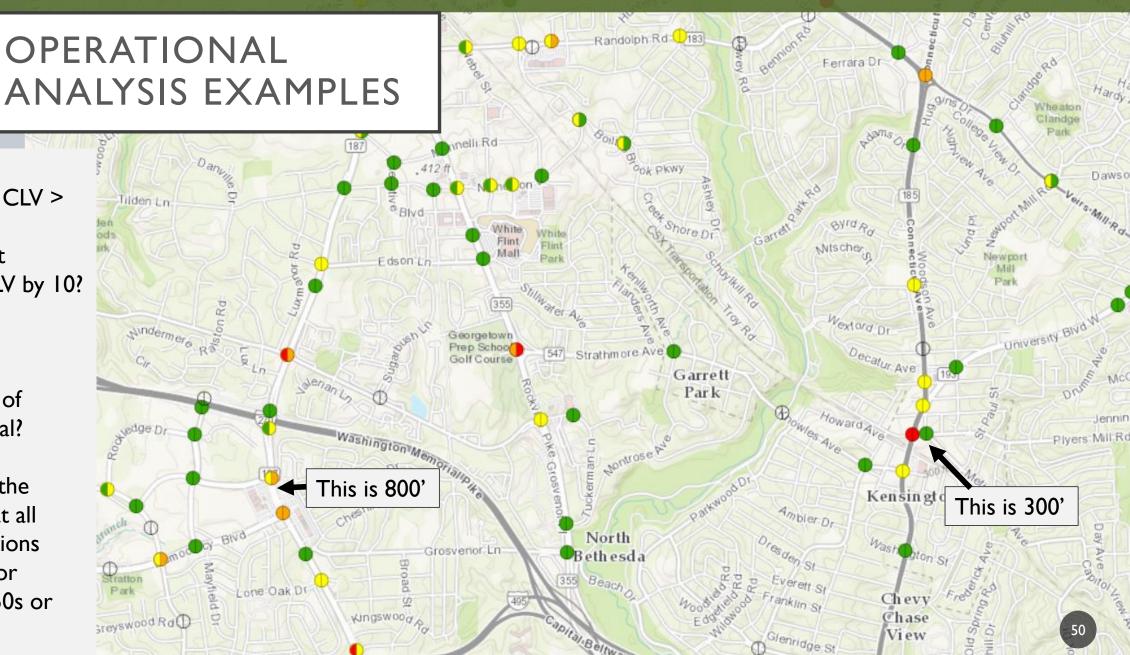
Step 2A. Is intersection CLV > 1450 and development increases CLV by 10?

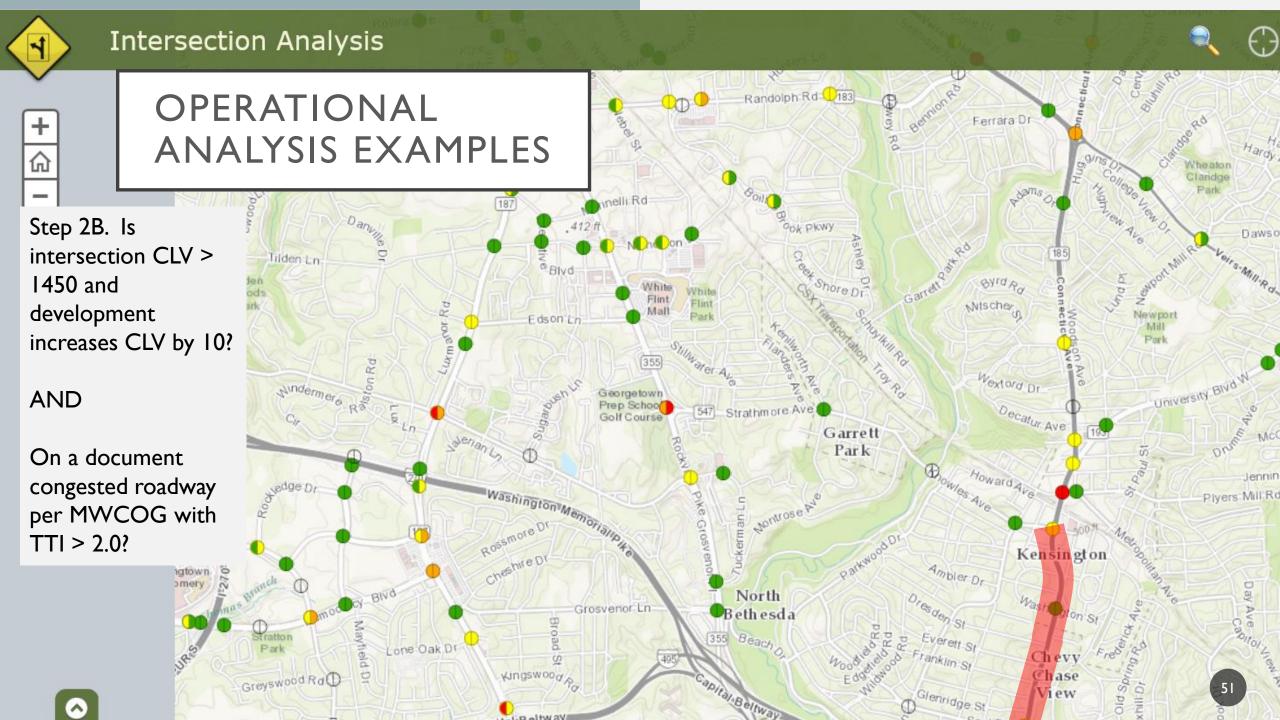
AND

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Within 600' of another signal?

Assume for the moment, that all orange locations apply; look for adjacent 1450s or 600' spacing





PEDESTRIAN IMPACT

For site with > 100 peds/hour

Fix (or fund) ADA non-compliance within 500' radius of site boundaries

Ensure LOS D for crosswalk pedestrian space at study intersections within 500' of site or within URCA/BPPA

For any intersection within URCA/BPPA

If operational analysis is triggered, mitigation must not increase average pedestrian crossing time

		Expected Flows and Speeds						
LOS	Pedestrian Space (ft²/p)	Avg. Speed, <i>S</i> (ft/min)	Flow per Unit Width, $ u$ (p/ft/min)	v/ c				
Α	≥ 35	260	0-7	0.0-0.3				
В	25-35	250	7-10	0.3-0.4				
С	15-25	240	10-15	0.4-0.6				
D	10-15	225	15-20	0.6-0.8				
E	5-10	150	20-25	0.8-1.0				
F	< 5	< 150	Variable	Variable				



LEVEL OF SERVICE D

Freedom to select walking speed and pass others is restricted; high probability of conflicts for reverse or cross movements.



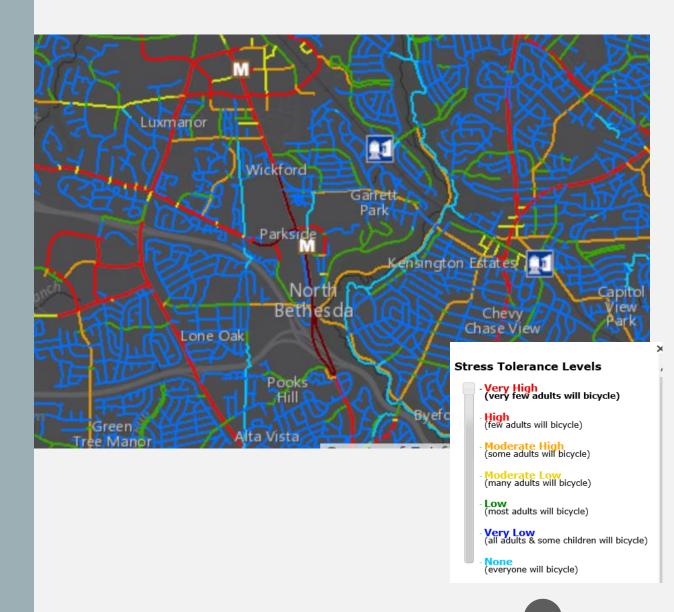
LEVEL OF SERVICE E

Walking speeds and passing ability are restricted for all pedestrians; forward movement is possible only by shuffling; reverse or cross movements are possible only with extreme difficulty; volumes approach limit of walking capacity.

BICYCLE IMPACT

For sites with significant bicycle trip generation (100 non-motorized trips per hour plus school/bikeshare proximity):

Identify routes/improvements need to provide LTS=2 (or "Low") conditions to all destinations within 1,500 feet of site boundaries



TRANSIT IMPACT

For sites with significant transit trip generation (>50 trips/hour)

Inventory buses at stops/stations within 1,000' of site

Adverse effect exists if average passenger load of buses on any one route exceed LOS D at that station during the peak hour

Rationale: additional 50+ transit riders likely to include trips on most popular routes

Mitigation to be defined in conjunction with MNCPPC and transit operator.

One possibility would be to identify the number of additional buses required to achieve LOS D for route

(Ex. I stop, 4 buses with 40 seats each and 240 total pax = 60 pax/bus = 1.50. Achieving 1.25 would require 240/50 = 4.8 buses or need for 0.8 of a bus (equals mitigation cost for applicant)

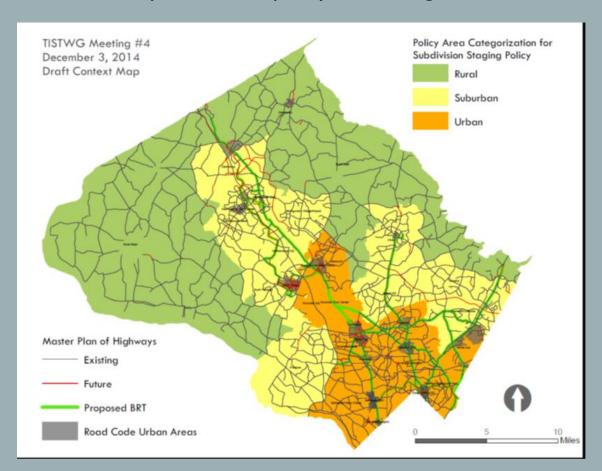
Passenger Load LOS

	Load Factor	Standing Pa	ssenger Area	
LOS	(p/seat)	(ft²/p)	(m²/p)	Comments
Α	0.00-0.50	>10.8†	>1.00†	No passenger need sit next to another
В	0.51-0.75	8.2-10.8†	0.76-1.00†	Passengers can choose where to sit
C	0.76-1.00	5.5-8.1†	0.51-0.75†	All passengers can sit
D	1.01-1.25*	3.9-5.4	0.36-0.50	Comfortable standee load for design
Е	1.26-1.50*	2.2-3.8	0.20-0.35	Maximum schedule load
F	>1.50*	<2.2	< 0.20	Crush load

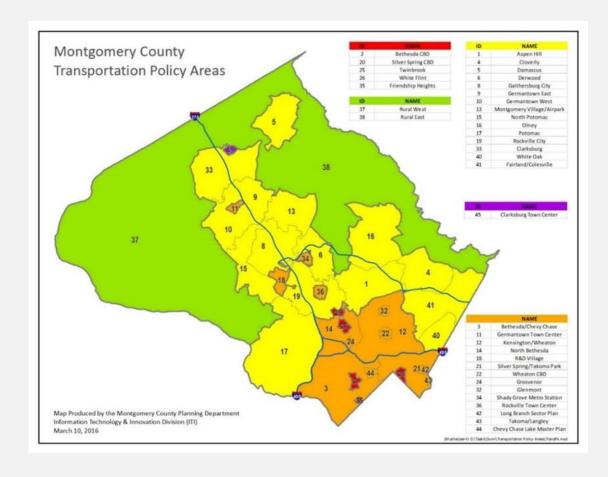
^{*}Approximate value for comparison, for vehicles designed to have most passengers seated. LOS is based on area. †Used for vehicles designed to have most passengers standing.

POLICY AREA CATEGORIES

Map of current policy area categories



Map of proposed policy area categories



ALTERNATIVE TRANSIT ADEQUACY MEASURES

NADMS

- Mildly responsive to land use and transportation changes
- Only measures progress towards
 plan implementation/adequacy where
 NADMS specified by policy

			NADMS (Pr	oductions)			NADMS (A	ttractions)	
Policy Area	Name	2010	2040 Without PL/CCT	2040 With PL/CCT	Effect of PL/CCT	2010	2040 No PL/CCT	2040 Base	Effect of PL/CCT
1	Aspen Hill	32.09%	35.26%	35.28%	0.02%	14.59%	16.75%	16.81%	0.06%
2	Bethesda CBD	58.73%	64.04%	64.38%	0.34%	46.77%	54.98%	55.47%	0.49%
3	Bethesda/Chevy Chase	42.18%	40.15%	40.33%	0.17%	34.73%	42.68%	42.85%	0.17%
4	Cloverly	26.16%	27.92%	27.98%	0.07%	9.01%	10.46%	10.50%	0.03%
5	Damascus	21.61%	27.83%	27.81%	-0.02%	7.86%	8.43%	8.45%	0.02%
6	Derwood	30.55%	33.48%	34.26%	0.78%	16.64%	20.33%	20.71%	0.38%
8	Gaithersburg City	32.56%	38.34%	39.40%	1.07%	17.50%	21.59%	22.53%	0.94%
9	Germantown East	27.55%	32.20%	32.83%	0.63%	14.06%	17.70%	18.29%	0.59%
10	Germantown West	28.07%	32.48%	33.55%	1.06%	14.01%	17.65%	18.79%	1.15%
11	Germantown Town Center	32.89%	38.68%	39.95%	1.27%	16.62%	20.77%	21.50%	0.73%
12	Kensington/Wheaton	40.88%	45.78%	45.83%	0.05%	19.49%	24.22%	24.36%	0.14%
13	Montgomery Village/Airpark	29.76%	33.42%	33.79%	0.37%	13.85%	15.45%	15.59%	0.13%
14	North Bethesda	41.36%	45.08%	45.18%	0.10%	22.27%	29.81%	29.93%	0.12%
15	North Potomac	23.19%	26.22%	27.66%	1.44%	9.81%	12.30%	12.91%	0.61%
16	Olney	25.77%	27.71%	27.80%	0.09%	9.82%	10.95%	10.98%	0.03%
17	Potomac	26.28%	26.93%	27.08%	0.15%	13.83%	18.94%	19.05%	0.11%
18	R&D Village	32.47%	37.28%	40.63%	3.35%	18.20%	23.65%	26.43%	2.78%
19	Rockville City	35.54%	38.38%	39.43%	1.05%	18.04%	23.58%	25.17%	1.59%
20	Silver Spring CBD	61.34%	68.19%	68.57%	0.38%	50.20%	56.41%	56.89%	0.48%
21	Silver Spring/Takoma Park	49.74%	57.14%	57.15%	0.00%	33.71%	41.47%	41.93%	0.46%
22	Wheaton CBD	51.82%	57.26%	57.30%	0.04%	26.28%	31.81%	31.95%	0.14%
24	Grosvenor	50.49%	55.77%	55.98%	0.21%	24.49%	30.34%	30.50%	0.16%
25	Twinbrook	45.35%	56.63%	56.88%	0.25%	28.42%	34.50%	34.63%	0.13%
	White Flint	49.55%	53.86%	54.04%	0.18%	28.86%	35.48%	35.61%	0.13%
32	Glenmont	46.63%	50.75%	50.76%	0.01%	23.77%	28.55%	28.60%	0.05%
33	Clarksburg	22.07%	27.49%	28.24%	0.75%	7.30%	11.38%	11.48%	0.09%
34	Shady Grove Metro Station	39.35%	48.15%	51.02%	2.88%	21.25%	24.62%	25.25%	0.63%
35	Friendship Heights	64.27%	66.00%	66.05%	0.05%	48.83%	57.51%	57.56%	0.05%
36	Rockville Town Center	44.95%	50.10%	50.29%	0.19%	26.42%	31.76%	31.87%	0.11%
37	Rural West	18.99%	21.33%	21.88%	0.54%	7.56%	10.57%	10.69%	0.12%
38	Rural East	22.95%	26.57%	26.77%	0.20%	8.70%	10.29%	10.33%	0.03%
40	White Oak	40.03%	46.71%	46.86%	0.14%	15.58%	21.28%	21.43%	0.15%
41	Fairland/Colesville	29.87%	35.24%	35.39%	0.15%	13.42%	18.70%	18.82%	0.11%
99	County	35.98%	39.88%	40.37%	0.48%	25.19%	30.91%	31.53%	0.62%

ALTERNATIVE TRANSIT ADEQUACY TEST

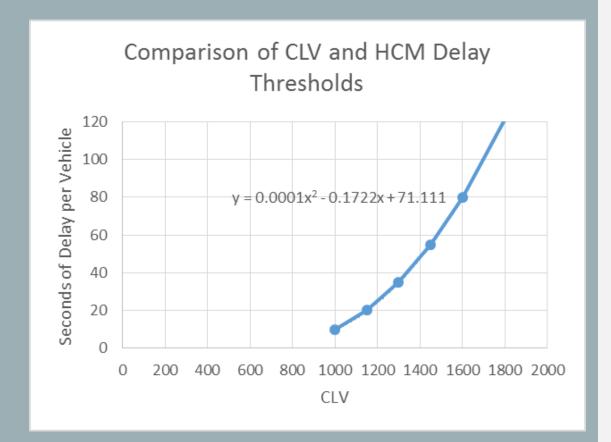
VMT

- Site-level monitoring an option but reduces applicant predictability
- Related to congestion concerns, part of national interest led by California's SB 743, but not related to master plan implementation/adequacy

Policy			2040 Without	2040 With Purple	Effect of Purple
Area	Name	2010	Purple Line/CCT	Line/CCT	Line/CCT
3	Bethesda/Chevy Chase	24.4	25.7	25.8	0.1
35	Friendship Heights	18.1	9.2	9.3	0.0
2	Bethesda CBD	19.7	8.3	8.3	0.0
21	Silver Spring/Takoma Park	24.5	15.2	15.1	0.0
20	Silver Spring CBD	20.6	7.0	6.9	0.0
12	Kensington/Wheaton	27.0	21.5	21.5	0.0
22	Wheaton CBD	24.4	12.5	12.4	0.0
32	Glenmont	25.9	19.6	19.6	0.0
14	North Bethesda	25.3	20.9	21.0	0.0
24	Grosvenor	23.9	14.4	14.3	0.0
26	White Flint	22.1	10.1	10.1	0.0
25	Twinbrook	20.5	9.9	9.9	0.0
19	Rockville City	25.9	20.7	20.6	0.0
36		23.5	13.7	13.7	0.0
6	Derwood	27.4	29.9	30.1	0.2
34	Shady Grove Metro Station	23.6	16.3	16.1	-0.1
10	Germantown West	35.6	33.9	33.7	-0.2
11	Germantown Town Center	32.8	24.3	24.1	-0.2
1	Aspen Hill	29.4	22.3	22.4	0.1
4	Cloverly	36.3	38.7	38.7	0.0
5	Damascus	47.1	49.9	50.0	0.1
8	Gaithersburg City	28.5	25.5	25.5	-0.1
9	Germantown East	33.2	33.1	33.0	0.0
13	Montgomery Village/Airpark	30.9	30.3	30.4	0.1
15	North Potomac	31.2	39.2	38.8	-0.4
16	Olney	36.6	40.6	41.2	0.5
17	Potomac	30.5	39.6	39.6	0.0
18	R&D Village	28.3	21.0	20.6	-0.4
33	Clarksburg	40.6	44.4	44.6	0.1
37	Rural West	47.5	59.8	59.8	0.0
38	Rural East	47.3	50.8	51.0	0.2
40	White Oak	28.1	19.1	19.0	-0.1
41	Fairland/Colesville	32.9	26.7	26.6	0.0
99	Total	29.6	25.9	25.9	0.0

PUBLIC HEARING DRAFT

Friendship Heights	1,397,959	269,244	1,913,126	exempt
Bethesda CBD	1,346,446	301,822	1,859,479	exempt
Silver Spring CBD	1,323,371	216,277	1,792,117	exempt
White Flint	1,270,391	207,528	1,707,890	exempt
Grosvenor	1,268,554	215,938	1,693,911	exempt
Twinbrook	1,234,181	196,814	1,652,567	exempt
Wheaton CBD	1,200,581	131,862	1,575,229	exempt
Glenmont	1,006,288	172,459	1,532,455	exempt
Rockville Town Center	1,142,379	159,438	1,505,618	exempt
Shady Grove Metro Station	983,099	127,475	1,275,198	exempt
Silver Spring/Takoma Park	896,521	269,515	1,329,032	62%
North Bethesda	797,331	126,010	1,161,807	35%
Bethesda/Chevy Chase	754,231	162,059	987,919	69%
Kensington/Wheaton	485,434	100,796	860,758	27%
Rockville City	537,279	78,628	801,302	30%
White Oak	128,915	287,480	569,144	65%
Derwood	306,032	80,010	472,153	48%
R&D Village	175,651	168,499	458,996	59%
Gaithersburg City	222,917	65,469	398,589	37%
Germantown Town Center	195,351	38,152	336,800	27%
Aspen Hill	148,517	20,615	289,590	15%
Fairland/Colesville	38,561	66,420	252,034	31%
Potomac	149,876	37,297	212,029	60%
North Potomac	63,637	59,169	157,798	63%
Germantown East	49,404	14,684	155,173	14%
Germantown West	66,822	38,370	153,136	44%
Montgomery Village/Airpark	98,457	18,111	126,401	65%
Olney	16,008	3,161	99,175	4%
Cloverly	10,437	16,328	85,030	22%
Clarksburg	2,807	1,197	8,278	22%
Rural East	12,154	7,334	19,321	exempt
Rural West	3,423	314	3,619	exempt
Damascus	2,259	1,862	2,969	exempt



Red (MSPAs):

Bethesda CBD

Friendship Heights

Glenmont

Grosvenor

Shady Grove

Rockville Town Center

Silver Spring CBD

Twinbrook

Wheaton CBD

White Flint

Orange:

Bethesda/Chevy Chase

Derwood

Germantown Town Center

Kensington/Wheaton

North Bethesda

R&D Village

Rockville City

Silver Spring/Takoma Park

White Oak

Clarksburg Town Center

Chevy Chase Lake

Long Branch

Takoma/Langley

Yellow:

Aspen Hill

Clarksburg

Cloverly

Fairland/Colesville

Gaithersburg City

Germantown East

Germantown West

Montgomery Village/Airpark

North Potomac

Olney

Potomac

Green:

Damascus

Rural West

Rural East



pol	icy area	critical lane volume standard		
	Rural East Rural West	1,350		
7	Damascus	1,400		
11 12 14	Clarksburg Gaithersburg City Germantown East Germantown West Montgomery Village/Airpark	1,425		
20 21 22	Cloverly North Potomac Olney Potomac R&D Village	1,450		
8	Aspen Hill Derwood Fairland/White Oak	1,475		

policy area	critical lane volume standard
24 Rockville City	1,500
19 North Bethesda	1,550
4 Bethesda-Chevy Chase 17 Kensington-Wheaton 13 Germantown Town Center 30 Silver Spring-Takoma Park	1,600
3 Bethesda CBD 10 Friendship Heights CBD 29 Silver Spring CBD 32 Wheaton CBD 15 Glenmont MSPA 16 Grosvenor MSPA 25 Rockville Town Center MSPA 28 Shady Grove MSPA 31 Twinbrook MSPA 33 White Flint MSPA	1,800

Multimodal Trip Generation Rates

Proposed <u>significant</u> threshold (to be defined by Board) is 50 person trips

(Would be 75 person trips in MSPAs if LATR studies were to apply in MPSAs)

Can be further reduced by proximity to transit (<1,000') and parking reduction (2:1 ratio of parking below baseline to vehicle trips for residential, 3:1 ratio for office, none for retail/other).

First 15,000 GSF of ground floor retail provided without offstreet parking in a mixed-use development exempted from trip generation by any mode for purposes of assessing impacts.

		ITE Vehicle Tri	p Reduction Fa	actors	
		Residential	Office	Retail	Other
1	Aspen Hill	97%	98%	99%	97%
2	Bethesda CBD	79%	63%	61%	62%
3	Bethesda/Chevy Chase	87%	81%	85%	79%
4	Cloverly	99%	100%	100%	100%
5	Damascus	100%	100%	100%	100%
6	Derwood	94%	94%	87%	94%
8	Gaithersburg City	88%	86%	74%	85%
9	Germantown East	95%	90%	95%	91%
10	Germantown West	93%	87%	92%	88%
11	Germantown Town Center	85%	89%	77%	88%
12	Kensington/Wheaton	91%	92%	96%	92%
13	Montgomery Village/Airpark	93%	100%	93%	100%
14	North Bethesda	83%	87%	71%	82%
15	North Potomac	97%	100%	100%	100%
16	Olney	99%	100%	99%	100%
17	Potomac	97%	98%	96%	98%
18	R&D Village	89%	88%	80%	90%
19	Rockville City	88%	94%	87%	98%
20	Silver Spring CBD	77%	65%	58%	65%
21	Silver Spring/Takoma Park	83%	83%	82%	84%
22	Wheaton CBD	85%	85%	76%	84%
24	Grosvenor	81%	84%	75%	80%
25	Twinbrook	81%	80%	74%	79%
26	White Flint	79%	78%	72%	78%
32	Glenmont	90%	91%	96%	91%
33	Clarksburg	100%	100%	100%	100%
34	Shady Grove Metro Station	89%	88%	77%	88%
35	Friendship Heights	78%	70%	73%	70%
36	Rockville Town Center	79%	80%	70%	79%
37	Rural West	100%	100%	100%	100%
38	Rural East	99%	99%	98%	100%
40	White Oak	89%	90%	91%	88%
41	Fairland/Colesville	96%	96%	99%	97%



Proposed re-instatement of mitigation priorities from pre-2012 Guidelines, but with a modification in priorities to:

- Trip reduction
- Ped / bike facilities
- Transit facilities
- Intersection improvements
- Roadway link improvements

Ped / bike and transit facilities have an equivalency of \$12K per vehicle trip

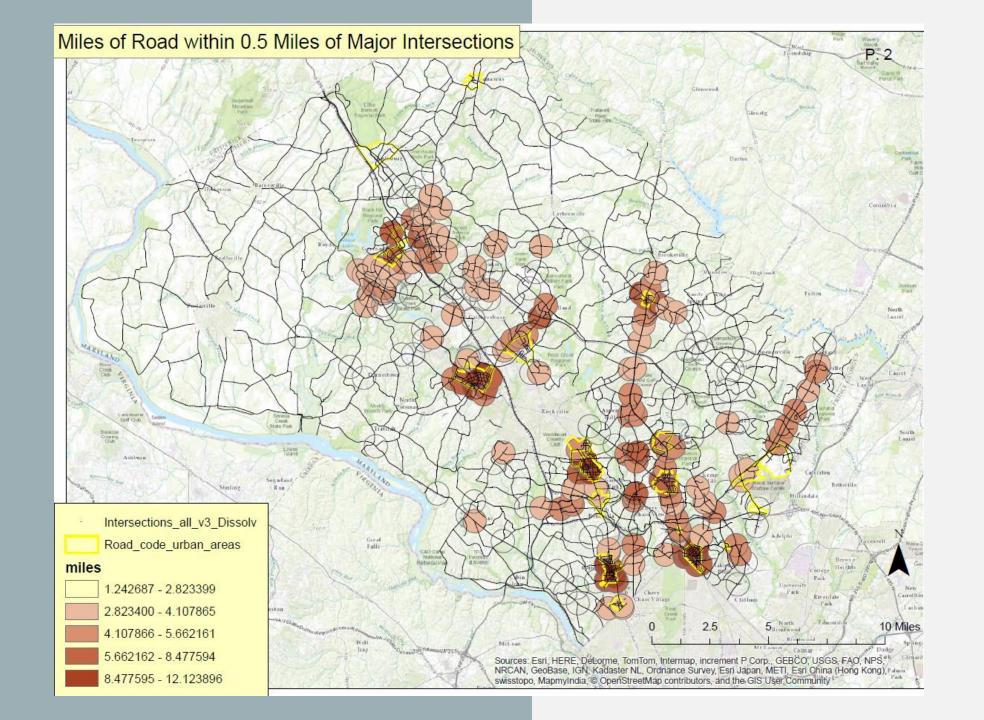
Consideration of priority improvements to be documented in LATR study

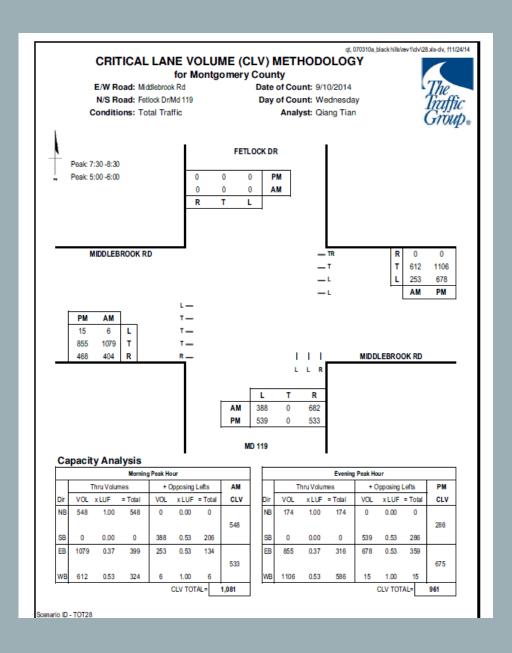
Priorities can be reversed if a lower priority type of improvement is implementing a master planned facility.

Priority	Mitigation Approach	PAMR Mechanism	LATR Mechanism	Single Mitigation Action Addresses	Examples of Mitigation Actions
1	Peak hour vehicle trip reduction	Traffic mitigation agreement (TMAg)	Traffic mitigation agreement (TMAg)	Both PAMR and LATR impacts	Vehicle trip caps, flex-time /telecommute programs, shuttle services
2	2 Public transit capacity Service provision Not applicable		PAMR impacts only	Purchase of RideOn bus with 12 years of operation	
3	Non-auto facilities	Project implementation	Project implementation	Both PAMR and LATR impacts	Offsite sidewalks
4	Intersection improvements	Applicable if required by LATR	Project implementation	Both PAMR and LATR impacts	Turn lanes, change of lane use configurations
5	Roadway link improvements	Project implementation	Project implementation only if site- specific LATR impacts are addressed	PAMR impacts, LATR impacts if applicable	Roadway widening

- Table from pre-2012 Guidelines as example of concept

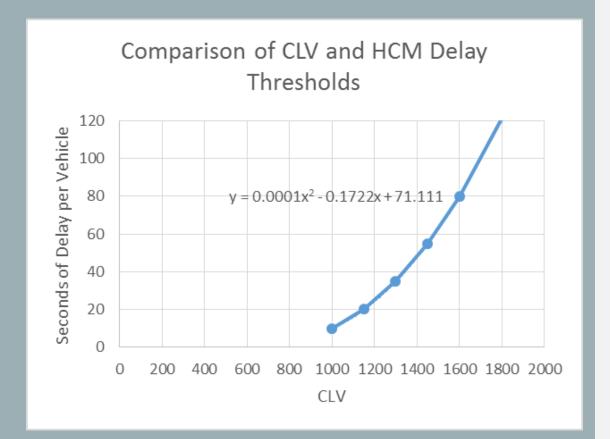






Lane Group EBL EBT EBR WBL WBT WBR NBL NBT NBR SBL SBT Lane Configurations 7 H1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Lanes, Volumes, 13: Aircraft Dr & I					С	:\Sync	hro Pr	ojects\	2014\	Black	Hills\E	A.syn /1/2014
Lane Configurations 1		٠	→	•	•	+	•	4	†	<i>/</i>	>	ţ	4
Lane Configurations	Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Volume (yph)		ሻ									7		
Seal Flow (ryhph) 1900 1800 1900 1800 1				58				11					58
Strage Length (ft) 320													1900
Strage Lanes													0
Taper Length (ft)		1		0	1		1	1		1	1		0
Said. Flow (prof) 1770 5050 0 1770 5085 1583 0 1820 2787 1681 1675 It Permitted 0.208 0.140 0.977 0.950 0.989 Said. Flow (perm) 387 5050 0 261 5085 1583 0 1820 2787 1681 1675 Said. Flow (perm) 387 5050 0 261 5085 1583 0 1820 2787 1681 1675 Said. Flow (perm) 387 5050 0 261 5085 1583 0 1820 2787 1681 1675 Said. Flow (perm) 387 5050 0 261 5085 1583 0 1820 2787 1681 1675 Said. Flow (RTOR) 7 344 156 16 Ink Speed (mph) 45 45 45 35 35 35 Ink Distance (ft) 720 943 956 1686 Iravel Time (s) 10.9 14.3 18.6 32.8 Peak Hour Factor 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97		100			100			100			100		
Sald. Flow (perm) 387 5050 0 261 5085 1583 0 1820 2787 1681 1675 Right Tum on Red Yes Yes Yes Sald. Flow (RTOR) 7 344 136 166. Link Speed (mph) 45 45 45 35 35 35. Link Distance (ft) 720 943 956 1686 328. Peak Hour Factor 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97		1770	5050	0	1770	5085	1583	0	1820	2787	1681	1675	0
Right Turn on Red	Flt Permitted	0.208			0.140				0.977		0.950	0.989	
Right Tum on Red Yes Yes Yes Sath. Flow (RTOR) 7 344 136 16 Sath. Flow (RTOR) 7 344 136 16 Link Distance (ft) 720 943 956 1686 Link Distance (ft) 720 943 956 1686 Link Distance (ft) 720 943 956 1686 Fravel Time (s) 10.9 14.3 18.6 328 Peak Hour Factor 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97	Satd. Flow (perm)	387	5050	0	261	5085	1583	0	1820	2787	1681	1675	0
Link Speed (mph)				Yes			Yes			Yes			Yes
Link Distance (ft) 720 943 956 1686 Travel Time (s) 10.9 14.3 18.6 32.8 Peak Hour Factor 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97			7				344			136		16	
Travel Time (s)	ink Speed (mph)		45			45			35			35	
Travel Time (s)	ink Distance (ft)		720			943			956			1686	
Shared Lane Traffic (%) ane Group Flow (vph) 133 1372 0 116 1096 344 0 23 10 210 207 Inum Type pm+pt NA pm+pt NA pm+pt NA Perm Split NA Prot Split NA Prot Split NA Protected Phases 5 2 1 6 6 6 Fortal Split (s) 19.0 55.0 19.0 55.0 55.0 11.0 11.0 11.0 35.0 35.0 35.0 Total Lost Time (s) 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.			10.9			14.3			18.6			32.8	
Lane Group Flow (vph) 133 1372 0 116 1096 344 0 23 10 210 207 Turn Type pm+pt NA pm+pt NA pm+pt NA Perm Split NA Prot Split NA Protected Phases 5 2 1 6 6 4 4 4 4 8 8 8 Permitted Phases 2 6 6 6	Peak Hour Factor	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97
Turn Type	Shared Lane Traffic (%)										18%		
Turn Type	Lane Group Flow (vph)	133	1372	0	116	1096	344	0	23	10	210	207	0
Protected Phases 5 2 1 6 4 4 4 4 8 8 8 Permitted Phases 2 6			NA		pm+pt	NA	Perm	Split	NA	Prot	Split	NA	
Total Split (s) 19.0 55.0 19.0 55.0 55.0 11.0 11.0 11.0 35.0 35.0 70tal Lost Time (s) 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0		5	2		1	6		4	4	4	8	8	
Total Lost Time (s) 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0	Permitted Phases	2			6		6						
Actuated g/C Ratio	Total Split (s)	19.0	55.0		19.0	55.0	55.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	35.0	35.0	
Actuated g/C Ratio 0.63 0.55 0.62 0.55 0.55 0.04 0.04 0.17 0.17 //c Ratio 0.38 0.49 0.42 0.39 0.34 0.31 0.04 0.74 0.70 Control Delay 12.4 6.7 14.9 10.9 1.3 66.6 0.3 62.1 55.0 Queue Delay 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.	Total Lost Time (s)	6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	
\(\text{lc Ratio} \ 0.38 \ 0.49 \ 0.42 \ 0.39 \ 0.34 \ 0.31 \ 0.04 \ 0.74 \ 0.70 \\ \text{Control Delay} \ 12.4 \ 6.7 \ 14.9 \ 10.9 \ 1.3 \ 66.6 \ 0.3 \ 62.1 \ 55.0 \\ \text{Dueue Delay} \ 0.0 \ 0.0 \ 0.0 \ 0.0 \ 0.0 \ 0.0 \ 0.0 \ 0.0 \ 0.0 \ 0.0 \ 0.0 \ 0.0 \\ \text{Loss} \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Act Effct Green (s)	75.3	66.2		74.8	66.0	66.0		5.0	5.0	20.4	20.4	
Control Delay 12.4 6.7 14.9 10.9 1.3 66.6 0.3 62.1 55.0 Queue Delay 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.	Actuated g/C Ratio	0.63	0.55		0.62	0.55	0.55		0.04	0.04	0.17	0.17	
Queue Delay 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.	v/c Ratio	0.38	0.49		0.42	0.39	0.34		0.31	0.04	0.74	0.70	
Total Delay 12.4 6.7 14.9 10.9 1.3 66.6 0.3 62.1 55.0 LOS B A B B A E A E E Approach Delay 7.2 9.1 46.5 58.6 Approach LOS A A D E A E E Approach LOS A A D E E A E E Approach LOS A A D E E A E E E Approach LOS A A D E E A E E E E E E E E E E E E E E	Control Delay	12.4	6.7		14.9	10.9	1.3		66.6	0.3	62.1	55.0	
A	Queue Delay	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
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Figure 30: Travel Time Index on Selected Arterials during 8:00-9:00 am on Middle Weekdays in 2013 2.5 1.3 1.5 94 (28) 93 (124) (108) 650 63 (28) (108) (108) 650 (109) 107 713 (190) 189 Bowie (674) 772 Takoma ark Park Hemdon Hyattsville (396) 600 619



Red (MSPAs):

Bethesda CBD

Friendship Heights

Glenmont

Grosvenor

Shady Grove

Rockville Town Center

Silver Spring CBD

Twinbrook

Wheaton CBD

White Flint

Orange:

Bethesda/Chevy Chase

Derwood

Germantown Town Center

Kensington/Wheaton

North Bethesda

R&D Village

Rockville City

Silver Spring/Takoma Park

White Oak

Clarksburg Town Center

Chevy Chase Lake

Long Branch

Takoma/Langley

Yellow:

Aspen Hill

Clarksburg

Cloverly

Fairland/Colesville

Gaithersburg City

Germantown East

Germantown West

Montgomery Village/Airpark

North Potomac

Olney

Potomac

Green:

Damascus

Rural West

Rural East



pol	icy area	critical lane volume standard		
	Rural East Rural West	1,350		
7	Damascus	1,400		
11 12 14	Clarksburg Gaithersburg City Germantown East Germantown West Montgomery Village/Airpark	1,425		
20 21 22	Cloverly North Potomac Olney Potomac R&D Village	1,450		
	Aspen Hill Derwood Fairland/White Oak	1,475		

pol	icy area	critical lane volume standard		
24	Rockville City	1,500		
19	North Bethesda	1,550		
13	Bethesda-Chevy Chase Kensington-Wheaton Germantown Town Center Silver Spring-Takoma Park	1,600		
10 29 32 15 16 25 28 31	Bethesda CBD Friendship Heights CBD Silver Spring CBD Wheaton CBD Glenmont MSPA Grosvenor MSPA Rockville Town Center MSPA Shady Grove MSPA Twinbrook MSPA White Flint MSPA	1,800		



Multimodal Trip Generation Rates

Proposed <u>significant</u> threshold (to be defined by Board) is 50 person trips

(Would be 75 person trips in MSPAs if LATR studies were to apply in MPSAs)

Can be further reduced by proximity to transit (<1,000') and parking reduction (2:1 ratio of parking below baseline to vehicle trips for residential, 3:1 ratio for office, none for retail/other).

First 15,000 GSF of ground floor retail provided without offstreet parking in a mixed-use development exempted from trip generation by any mode for purposes of assessing impacts.

		ITE Vehicle Tri			
		Residential	Office	Retail	Other
1	Aspen Hill	97%	98%	99%	97%
2	Bethesda CBD	79%	63%	61%	62%
3	Bethesda/Chevy Chase	87%	81%	85%	79%
4	Cloverly	99%	100%	100%	100%
5	Damascus	100%	100%	100%	100%
6	Derwood	94%	94%	87%	94%
8	Gaithersburg City	88%	86%	74%	85%
9	Germantown East	95%	90%	95%	91%
10	Germantown West	93%	87%	92%	88%
11	Germantown Town Center	85%	89%	77%	88%
12	Kensington/Wheaton	91%	92%	96%	92%
13	Montgomery Village/Airpark	93%	100%	93%	100%
14	North Bethesda	83%	87%	71%	82%
15	North Potomac	97%	100%	100%	100%
16	Olney	99%	100%	99%	100%
17	Potomac	97%	98%	96%	98%
18	R&D Village	89%	88%	80%	90%
19	Rockville City	88%	94%	87%	98%
20	Silver Spring CBD	77%	65%	58%	65%
21	Silver Spring/Takoma Park	83%	83%	82%	84%
22	Wheaton CBD	85%	85%	76%	84%
24	Grosvenor	81%	84%	75%	80%
25	Twinbrook	81%	80%	74%	79%
26	White Flint	79%	78%	72%	78%
32	Glenmont	90%	91%	96%	91%
33	Clarksburg	100%	100%	100%	100%
34	Shady Grove Metro Station	89%	88%	77%	88%
35	Friendship Heights	78%	70%	73%	70%
36	Rockville Town Center	79%	80%	70%	79%
37	Rural West	100%	100%	100%	100%
38	Rural East	99%	99%	98%	100%
40	White Oak	89%	90%	91%	88%
41	Fairland/Colesville	96%	96%	99%	97%



Proposed re-instatement of mitigation priorities from pre-2012 Guidelines, but with a modification in priorities to:

- Trip reduction
- Ped / bike facilities
- Transit facilities
- Intersection improvements
- Roadway link improvements

Ped / bike and transit facilities have an equivalency of \$12K per vehicle trip

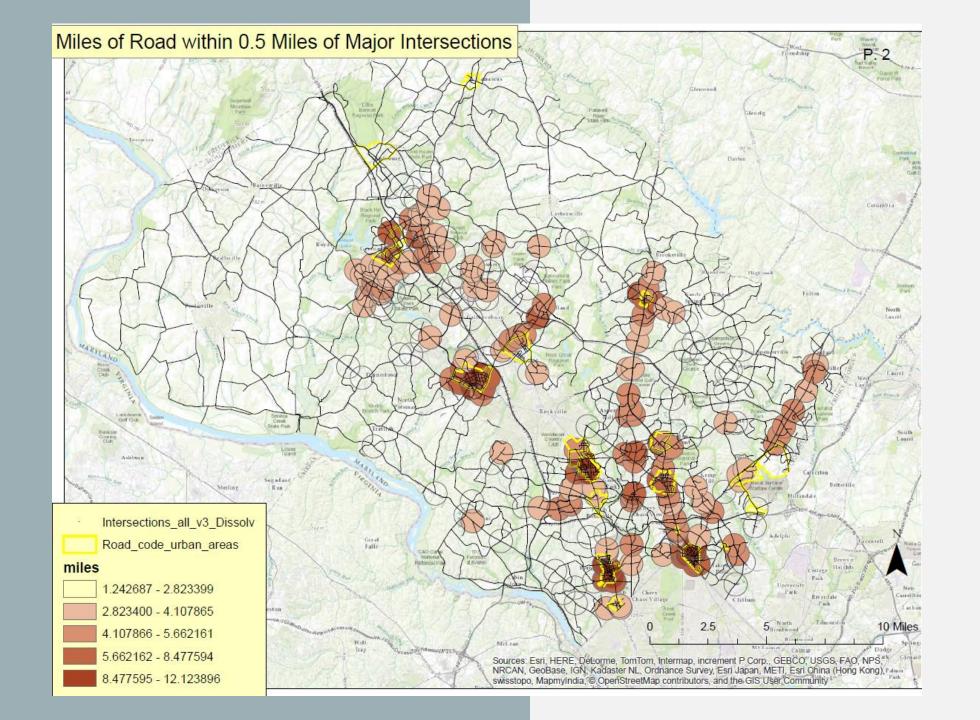
Consideration of priority improvements to be documented in LATR study

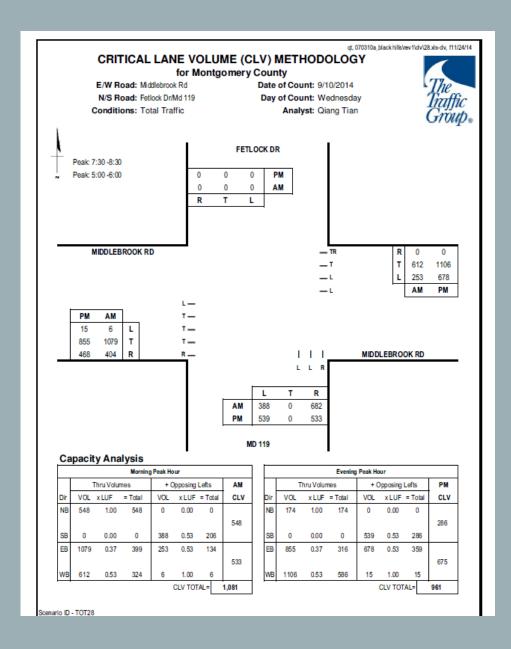
Priorities can be reversed if a lower priority type of improvement is implementing a master planned facility.

Priority	Mitigation Approach	PAMR Mechanism	LATR Mechanism	Single Mitigation Action Addresses	Examples of Mitigation Actions		
1	Peak hour vehicle trip reduction	Traffic mitigation agreement (TMAg)	Traffic mitigation agreement (TMAg)	Both PAMR and LATR impacts	Vehicle trip caps, flex-time /telecommute programs, shuttle services		
2	Public transit capacity	Service provision	Not applicable	PAMR impacts only	Purchase of RideOn bus with 12 years of operation		
3	Non-auto facilities	Project implementation	Project implementation	Both PAMR and LATR impacts	Offsite sidewalks		
4	Intersection improvements	Applicable if required by LATR	Project implementation	Both PAMR and LATR impacts	Turn lanes, change of lane use configurations		
5	Roadway link improvements	Project implementation	Project implementation only if site- specific LATR impacts are addressed	PAMR impacts, LATR impacts if applicable	Roadway widening		

Table from pre-2012 Guidelines as example of concept







Lane Group EBL EBT EBR WBL WBT WBR NBL NBT NBR SBL SBT SBR Canc Configurations 1	Lanes, Volumes, 1 13: Aircraft Dr & M	-		C:\Synchro Projects\2014\Black Hills\EA.syn									
Lane Configurations		٠	→	•	•	+	•	1	1	<i>></i>	>	ţ	-√
Volume (vph)	Lane Group			EBR			WBR	NBL				SBT	SBR
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	Lane Configurations	7	444		N.	^†††	7			77	7		
Storage Length (ft) 320	Volume (vph)	129	1273	58	113	1063	334	11	12	10	248	98	58
Storage Lanes	Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900		1900	1900	1900
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Figure 30: Travel Time Index on Selected Arterials during 8:00-9:00 am on Middle Weekdays in 2013 2.5 1.3 1.5 94 (28) 93 (124) (108) 650 63 (28) (108) (108) 650 (109) 107 713 (190) 189 Bowie (674) 772 Takoma ark Park Hemdon Hyattsville (396) 600 619

EXTRA SLIDES