Montgomery County Planning Board 2009 Growing Smarter Speaker Series Thursday, February 12th, 2009

Green Building: Today's Practices Tomorrow's Challenges

Carl Elefante, FAIA, LEED AP Principal Director of Sustainable Design QUINN EVANS | ARCHITECTS



• Who I am

- Today's Green Building Marketplace
- Current Green Building Practice
- Emerging Green Technologies
- Facing the Carbon Challenge











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Green Building Rating Systems

LEED





USGBC

United States Green Building Council

LEED Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design





Green Building Rating Systems LEED

LEED NC v2.2 Scoring

69 total points

Platinum

52 + points

Gold

39 - 51 points

Silver

33 – 38 points

Certified

26 - 32 points





Green Building Rating Systems

Building For Sustainability: Sustainability Matrix

Building Form

Energy, Pollution and External Cost to Society

 Carbon Dioxide (tons) - Global Warming
 Sulfur Dioxide (lbs.) - Acid Rain
 Nitrogen Dioxide (lbs.) - Smog
 Particulate Matter < 10 Microns (lbs.) -Air Quality

Schedules Short and Long Term Costs

Additional Research
 All of these figures are based on cost estimates created for each conceptual building model. All costs
 bound to based on cost estimates to reflect a \$10 million Market Building as a baseline.
 Construction
 The Net Present Values indicated represent 30, 60- and-100 year cost models that are based on 5% cost of
 capital, 1-1/2% inflation rate and 5% annual increase in energy costs.



Green Building Regulation Maryland

High-Performance Buildings Act LEED Silver Rating / Green Globes 2 Globes 7,500 SF

Green Buildings Tax Credits

8% Construction, 30% Fuel Cells, 25% PV's, 20% BIPV's, 25% Wind

Energy Administration Incentives

Bio-Fuel Tax Credits, Renewable Energy Grants, Geothermal Grants, Wind Power Grants

Green Building Regulation Montgomery County

Green Buildings Law

LEED Certification over 10,000 SF LEED Silver Rating for Public Buildings

Clean Energy Rewards

Clean Energy Purchase Tax Credits

Solar Tax Credits

50% Tax Credits on Solar Technologies

Green Building Standards Federal

ASHRAE

Advanced Energy Design Guides 90.1-2004 30% better than 90.1-1999 Net-Zero Goal

US DOE

Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy Building Energy Codes

US EPA

Energy Star



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Current Green Building Practice

No-Cost Green

Best-Practice Green

Maximum Benefit Green



No-Cost Green

Shielded Lighting Fixtures

Water-efficient Plumbing Fixtures

Occupancy & Proximity Sensors

Green Materials

Green Cleaning



No-Cost Green

Transit-oriented Development Compact Mixed-use Development Climate-responsive Design

Daylighting

Operable Windows

Best-Practice Green

LID Stormwater Management Rainwater Harvesting High-performance HVAC Systems Energy-efficient Lighting Technologies High-performance Building Envelopes Commissioning





Sustainable Sites

- Dense urban site
- Access to transit
- Alternative transportation
- Contamination-Free site
- Storm water quantity and quality

Greening Case Study

HD Cooke

- New roofs limit heat-island effect
- Joint use of facilities

Possible Points 16

9	3	4	Sustai	nable Sites
Y	?	Ν		
Υ			Prereq 1	Construction
Y			Prereq 2	Environment
1			Credit 1	Site Selection
1			Credit 2	Developmen
	1		Credit 3	Brownfield R
1			Credit 4.1	Alternative T
1			Credit 4.2	Alternative T
1			Credit 4.3	Alternative T
1			Credit 4.4	Alternative T
		1	Credit 5.1	Site Develop
		1	Credit 5.2	Site Develop
1			Credit 6.1	Stormwater I
1			Credit 6.2	Stormwater I
		1	Credit 7.1	Heat Island E
1			Credit 7.2	Heat Island E
	1		Credit 8	Light Pollution
		1	Credit 9	Site Master F
	1		Credit 10	Joint Use of

Construction Activity Pollution Prevention Environmental Contamination-Free Site Site Selection **Development Density & Community Connectivity Brownfield Redevelopment Alternative Transportation: Public Transportation Access** Alternative Transportation: Bicycle Storage & Changing Rooms Alternative Transportation: Low Emitting & Fuel Efficient Vehicles **Alternative Transportation: Parking Capacity** Site Development: Protect or Restore Habitat Site Development: Maximize Open Space **Stormwater Design: Quantity Control** Stormwater Design: Quality Control Heat Island Effect: Non-Roof Heat Island Effect: Roof **Light Pollution Reduction** Site Master Plan

Joint Use of Facilities



Water Efficiency

- Water efficient landscaping w/o irrigation
- Water use 30% below the baseline

Possible Points

4	2	1	Water	Efficiency
Y	?	N		
1			Credit 1.1	Water Effici
1			Credit 1.2	Water Effici
	1		Credit 2	Innovative V
1			Credit 3.1	Water Use I
1			Credit 3.2	Water Use I
	1		Credit 3.3	Water Use I
		1	Credit 4	Process Us

Water Efficient Landscaping: Reduce by 50%
Water Efficient Landscaping: No Potable Use or No Irrigation

Innovative Wastewater Technologies

Water Use Reduction: 20% Reduction

Water Use Reduction: 30% Reduction

Water Use Reduction: 40% Reduction

Process Use Reduction: 20% Reduction



Energy & Atmosphere

- Fundamental & enhanced commissioning
- Energy use 17.5% below baseline



Possible Points **17**

1

1

1



Fundamental Commissioning of the Building Energy Systems **Minimum Energy Performance CFC Reduction in HVAC&R Equipment** Optimize Energy Performance: 10.5% New / 3.5% Existing Optimize Energy Performance: 14% New / 7% Existing Optimize Energy Performance: 17.5% New / 10.5% Existing Optimize Energy Performance: 21% New / 14% Existing Optimize Energy Performance: 24.5% New / 17.5% Existing Optimize Energy Performance: 28% New / 21% Existing Optimize Energy Performance: 31.5% New / 24.5% Existing Optimize Energy Performance: 35% New / 28% Existing Optimize Energy Performance: 38.5% New / 31.5% Existing Optimize Energy Performance: 42% New / 35% Existing **On-Site Renewable Energy: 2.5% On-Site Renewable Energy: 7.5% On-Site Renewable Energy: 12.5%** Enhanced Commissioning **Enhanced Refrigerant Management**



Materials & Resources

- Storage and collection of recyclables
- 75% retention of the existing structure
- 50% construction waste diverted
- 10% new recycled materials
- 10% new regional materials



5	6	2	Materi	als & Resources Possible Points	13
Y	?	Ν			
Υ			Prereq 1	Storage & Collection of Recyclables	
1			Credit 1.1	Building Reuse: Maintain 75% of Existing Walls, Floors & Roof	1
	1		Credit 1.2	Building Reuse: Maintain 95% of Existing Walls, Floors & Roof	1
1			Credit 1.3	Building Reuse: Maintain 50% of Interior Non-Structural Elements	1
1			Credit 2.1	Construction Waste Management: Divert 50% from Disposal	1
	1		Credit 2.2	Construction Waste Management: Divert 75% from Disposal	1
		1	Credit 3.1	Materials Reuse: 5%	1
		1	Credit 3.2	Materials Reuse: 10%	1
1			Credit 4.1	Recycled Content: 10% (post-consumer + 1/2 pre-consumer)	1
	1		Credit 4.2	Recycled Content: 20% (post-consumer + 1/2 pre-consumer)	1
1			Credit 5.1	Regional Materials: 10% Extracted, Processed & Manufactured Regio	1
	1		Credit 5.2	Regional Materials: 20% Extracted, Processed & Manufactured Regio	1
	1		Credit 6	Rapidly Renewable Materials	1
	1		Credit 7	Certified Wood	1



Environmental Quality

- Outdoor air monitoring & increased ventilation
- Construction IAQ
- Low-emitting materials & pollutant source control
- Advanced lighting control
- Advanced thermal control
- Daylight & views
- Acoustic performance



Innovation & Design

- Green Cleaning
- Green Arts and Crafts
- School as teaching tool
- Exceptional performance: regional materials
- Exceptional performance: green power



Possible Points

6

1

	1	5		Innovation & Design Proces		
X	Y	?	N			
		1		Credit 1.1	Innovation in Design: Gree	
al.		1		Credit 1.2	Innovation in Design:	
10		1		Credit 1.3	Innovation in Design: Green	
1		1		Credit 1 4	Innovation in Design: 70% (

Innovation in Design: Green Cleaning
 Innovation in Design: 40% Regional Materials
 Innovation in Design: Green Arts & Crafts
 Innovation in Design: 70% Green Power







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Maximum Benefit Green

Green Roofs

Geothermal Heating & Cooling

Solar Technologies















Maximum Benefit Green Green Roofs

Costs

- Extensive (shallow) Vegetated Roofs
 - 30 \$/SF
 - 30 #/SF
- Intensive (deep) Vegetated Roofs
 - 100 \$/SF
 - 100 #/SF
- 60-70% reduced run-off
- +/- R10 insulation

Maximum Benefit Green Geothermal



Maximum Benefit Green Geothermal

Costs

- save 40% energy over conventional heat pump systems
- save 70% energy over electric heating and cooling systems
 - 1/2 ton heating/cooling per 250 ft well
- 2,500 \$/ton heating/cooling (about 2x conventional heat pump system)





Costs – HD Cooke Array

- 100+ panels on Gym Roof
- 20+ kW maximum output
- \$ 200,000 estimated installed cost
- \$ 3,500 estimated annual energy cost savings

Maximum Benefit Green

Solar





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The Climate Change Imperative







Climate "Tipping Point" Tipping Point dangerously near a

PERSPECTIVE OF A CLIMATOLOGIST

JAMES HANSEN

"Animals are on the run. Plants are migrating too."¹ I wrote those words in 2006 to draw attention to the fact that climate change was already under way. People do not notice climate change because it is masked by day-to-day weather fluctuations, and we reside in comfortable homes. Animals and plants, on the other hand, can survive only within certain climatic conditions, which are now changing. The National Arbor Day Foundation had to redraw its maps for the zones in which tree species can survive, and animals are shifting to new habitats as well. Are these gradual changes in the wild consistent with dramatic scientific assessments of a crystallizing planetary emergency? Unfortunately, yes. Present examples only hint at the scale of the planetary emergency that climate studies reveal with increasing clarity.

Our home planet is dangerously near a tipping point at which human-made

JAMES HANSEN is director of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration Goddard Institute for Space Studies, but the perspectives here are his own. Hansen is also Adjunct Professor of Earth and Environmental Sciences at Columbia University's Earth Institute, and he appeared in An Inconvenient Truth. He has also criticized the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change for not adequately addressing the danger of large sea level rise.

Tipping Point • 7

"Our home planet is dangerously near a tipping point at which human-made greenhouse gases reach a level where major climate changes can proceed mostly under their own momentum."

Tipping Point - Perspective of a Climatologist James Hansen

Pre-industrial level 280 ppm 2007 measured level **Tipping point** Delta **Current annual increase** 67/2 = 34Years to tipping point

The Tipping Point CO₂ Levels

383 ppm 450 ppm 067 ppm 002 ppm

Climate Change Response Policy IPCC / ICLEI / US Conference of Mayors

Architecture 2030 Challenge

Montgomery County Sustainability Working Group (SWG)



Building Stock Statistics Existing Stock by Decade Constructed

AREA: Non-Residential Buildings



Building Stock Statistics Traditional & Historic Buildings

AREA: Non-Residential Buildings



Building Stock Statistics Modern-Era Buildings

AREA: Non-Residential Buildings



Building Stock Statistics LEED Buildings

AREA: Non-Residential Buildings



Montgomery County Existing Stock by Period Constructed

Montgomery County, Maryland, Non-Residential Buildings



Montgomery County Existing Stock by Type

Montgomery County, Maryland, Non-Residential Buildings by Type



Public Stock by Decade Constructed

Montgomery County

Montgomery County, Maryland, Public Buildings



Public Stock by Type

Montgomery County

Montgomery County, Maryland, Public Buildings by Type



Projected Growth to 2030 New Building Construction

AREA: Non-Residential Buildings



The Boom To Come – America Circa 2030 Architect Magazine, October 2006



The Boom To Come – America Circa 2030 Architect Magazine, October 2006





Life Cycle Analysis U.S. EPA & NIST BEES

Building for Economic and Environmental Sustainability



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Life Cycle Impacts Recapturing Environmental Impacts Through Improved Performance





Life Cycle Impacts Recapturing Environmental Impacts Through Improved Performance



Recaptures Energy in

3.5 years

Life Cycle Impacts Recapturing Environmental Impacts Through Improved Performance



Recaptures Toxic Emissions in **22 years**





E-Valuating Existing Buildings Preservation Economics

Re-investment Driven over \$1 trillion annually over \$100 trillion inventory

The Restoration Economy The Greatest New Growth Frontier Storm Cunningham www.restorationeconomy.com



E-Valuating Existing Buildings Preservation Economics

Minimal Material Expenditure Minimal Energy Expenditure Skill and Craft Intensive Creates Good Jobs Cycles Money Through Local Economy



The Economics of Historic Preservation A Community Leaders Guide Donovan Rypkema www.preservationbooks.org



