Planning Board Draft Gaithersburg West Master Plan

October 29, 2009 PHED Committee Worksession Council President Andrews Questions (Attachment B)

July 2009 Planning Board Draft

gaithersburg west master plan

The Life Sciences Center









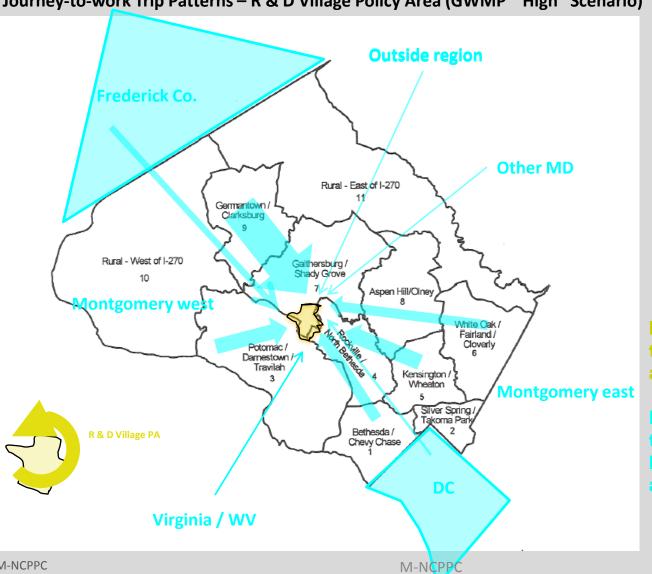






Question #1 – Where will LSC workers come from in the future?

2030 Journey-to-work Trip Patterns – R & D Village Policy Area (GWMP "High" Scenario)



With more density, more internal trips, but most workers will still live in the I-270 Corridor.

Local = trips stay within the R & D Village policy

Inbound trips = journey to work traveling to the R & D Village policy area

Question #2 – What is the Plan's Mode Share Breakout?

• Non-auto drive mode share is a balanced mix of sub-modes

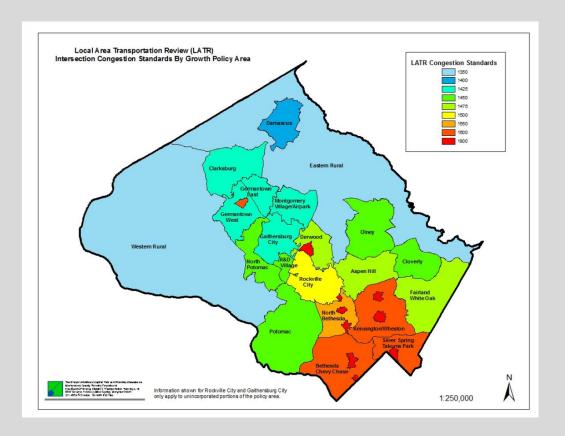
Scenario	Total Trips	By Transit	By Auto	By Walk/Bike	Total Non-Driver	Auto Drivers
			Passenger			
2005	18,600	6%	8%	2%	16%	15,600
Low Scenario	24,300	9%	10%	3%	22%	19,000
Medium Scenario	56,800	14%	10%	4%	28%	40,900
High Scenario	70,200	15%	10%	7.5%	32.5%	47,400

Exhibit C-2 – Estimated Journey to Work Mode Share for R&D Village Policy Area Employees



Question #3 – Why the CLV Standard for the LSC area?

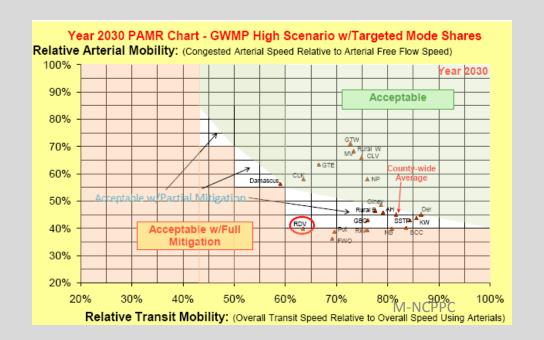
- 1600 CLV is appropriate at end-state
- Standard is consistent with Plan's level of transit service (CCT)
- Comparable to Germantown Town Center Policy Area
- Begin planning for it now

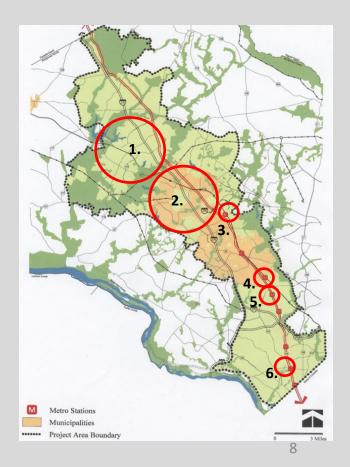




Question #4 – Why is Board comfortable with assumptions in transportation plan?

- Transportation land use balance based on current County policies
- Regional growth assumed in forecasts
- Increased CCT ridership improves cost-effectiveness, competitiveness
- Mode share goals consistent with other Plans

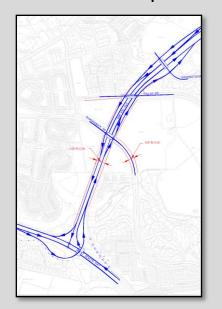


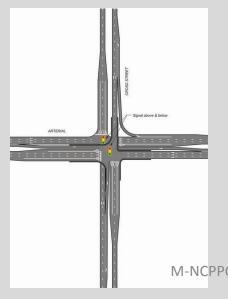


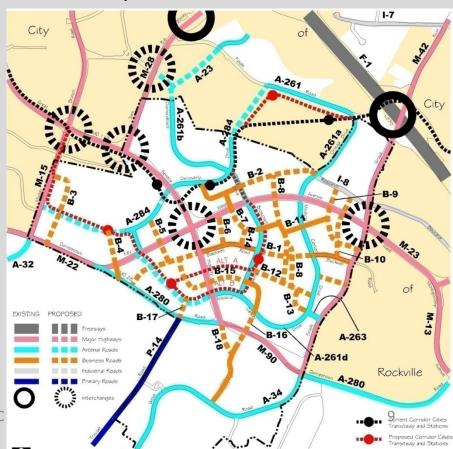
Question #5 – How many interchanges are needed at different levels of development?

Question #6 – Can the MD 119/Muddy Branch Rd interchange be eliminated from the Plan?

- Interchanges should be planned for at any of the development levels examined
- Great Seneca/Key West interchange can be removed
- Interchange designs should be urban and compact







Attachment B – Council President Questions

Question #7 How can the LSC be a live/work community if there is an imbalance of jobs and housing?

- LSC has been an employment center since its inception
- Small areas such as the LSC are rarely "in balance"
- Draft Plan seeks to introduce housing into the LSC, producing better J/H balance than 1990 Plan
- Link employment centers with housing areas by the CCT

Question #7: Jobs/Housing Ratios

Alternative	Commercial S.F. Total	Jobs	Dwelling Units	J/H Ratio
Existing Development	7,000,000	21,200	3,300	6.4
Existing & Approved	10,700,000	30,550	3,300	9.2
1990 Master Plan	13,000,000	38,000	3,800	10.0
2009 Draft Master Plan	20,000,000	60,000	9,000	6.6
Existing Mid-County Area		72,000	25,000	2.0
I-270 Planning Area		165,000	107,000	1.5

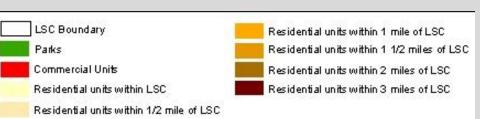
Estimated Years to Build-Out of 2009 Master Plan: 35 to 45 Years

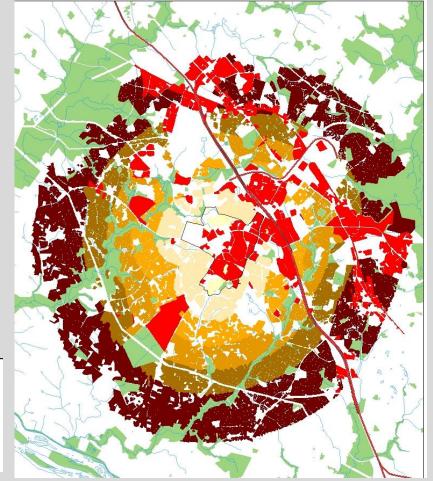
Question #7: Jobs-Housing Balance

	LSC Area	½ mile	1 mile	1.5 miles	2 miles	3 miles	I-270 Corridor
Commercial SF	6,940,000	12,587,304	18,443,522	21,351,528	26,658,062	42,422,513	57,727,792
Jobs	21,200	35,964	52,696	61,004	76,166	121,207	164,937
Dwelling Units	3,262	9,205	16,217	26,157	36,082	58,987	106,995
Jobs/ Housing	6.49	3.91	3.25	2.33	2.11	2.05	1.54

Question #7: Jobs-Housing Balance

Jobs:Housin	g	
LSC	6.07	
0.5 Mile	3.91	
1 Mile	3.25	
1.5 Mile	2.33	
2 Mile	2.11	
3 Mile	2.05	
I-270 Plan Area	1.54	





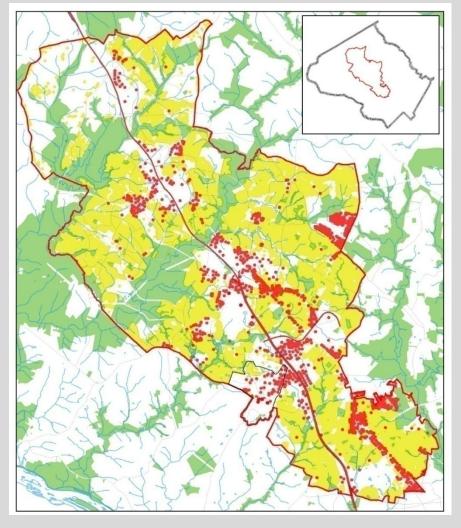


Question #7: Jobs-Housing Balance I-270 Corridor Planning Area

Commercial Sq. Ft. 57,727,792 Jobs (1/350 Sq. Ft.) 164,937 Dwelling Units 106,995

Jobs to Housing Ratio 1.54

Residential Units
Commercial Units
Parks
LSC Boundary
I-270 Corridor Planning Area





Question #8 - What are the trip rates for the LSC area?

- White Flint trip rates slightly lower
- Higher employee density slightly more than offset by higher NADMS

For instance, the following PM peak hour vehicle trip generation rates for each 1,000 square feet of development are described in each Plan's appendix:

- Office space, 1.20 in LSC, 1.16 in White Flint
- Retail space, 3.00 in LSC, 1.70 in White Flint
- Industrial space, 1.00 in LSC, 1.03 in White Flint
- Other space, 1.00 in LSC, 1.21 in White Flint
- High rise residential (per unit), 0.48 in LSC, 0.46 in White Flint

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Question #9: What growth scenarios have been modeled?

- Three initial scenarios (low, medium, high) in Fall 2008
- Planning Board Draft and PHED Committee Scenarios in Fall 2009
- Growth reflects Plan yield and Round 7.1 elsewhere in Region (1.2 million new jobs)
- Mode shares start as model output, then adjusted for TDM

Gaithersburg West Master Plan JHU / LSC Local Area Model

Demographic Analysis Summary

				Commercial							Residential				
				Gross Square Feet (000s)			Jobs				DU				
			Office	Office Retail Industrial Other TOTAL		Office	Retail	Industrial	Other	TOTAL	SF	MF	TOTAL		
Scenario	LAM#	Date						250	400	450	500				
Existing 1990 Plan High Scenario Final (Planning Board) M-NCPPC Scenario 1	0 1 8 9 10	04/30/08 04/30/08 09/30/09 09/30/09 10/06/09	3504 5973 8130 7950 7462	195 265 674 699 592	1577 3898 8408 6409 5789	1594 2401 4713 5579 4795	6870 12537 21925 20637 18638	14016 23892 32520 31800 29848	488 663 1685 1748 1480	3504 8662 18684 14242 12864	3188 4802 9426 11158 9590	21196 38019 62315 58948 53782	705 705 695 705 705	2595 3095 12918 7595 7595	3300 3800 13613 8300 8300

Demographics listed for Local Area Model portion in Gaithersburg West Master Plan area

LAM includes portion of City of Rockville west of I-270 and north of Darnestown Road, with 4.4M GSF commercial and 1400 DU current; 5.4M GSF commercial and 1400 DU future (per MWCOG Round 7.1) LAM includes Crown Farm and Washingtonian Center in Gaithersburg with 1.8M GSF commercial and 100 DU current; 2.6M GSF commercial and 2300 DU future



Question #10 – How does RRD Plan compare to Final Draft Plan?

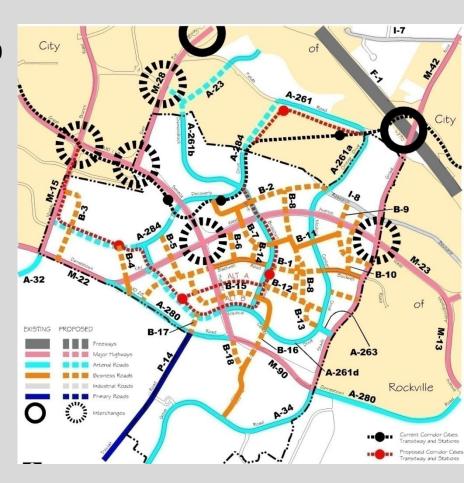
- Low scenario, 1990 Plan, and RRD Plan similar in scope
- Less total VMT and traffic volume
- Higher through traffic
- Same infrastructure (except for CCT alignment)
- Lower mode share goal

Scenario	Commercial square feet in LSC Policy Area	Dwelling units in LSC Policy Area	Vehicle Miles of Travel	Vehicle Hours of Travel	Average Transit Travel Time (minutes)	Relative Arterial Mobility	Plan in Balance?	
Low Scenario	7.2M	500	63,000	5,200	48	54%	Yes	
Medium Scenario	12.4M	4,800	75,000	7,700	44	43%	Yes	
High Scenario	16.1M	9,700	82,000	9,200	43	39%	No (<40%)	

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Question #11 - What is staff's response to the MDOT letter?

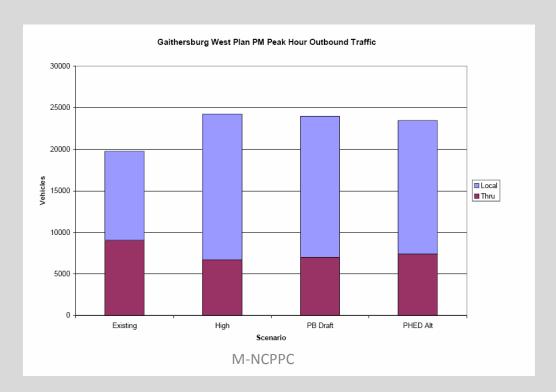
- Concurrence that additional capacity on I-270 (under study now) and Sam Eig Highway (to be implemented in stages) is needed.
- Recognition of City of Rockville's I-270/Gude
 Drive interchange to relieve existing MD 28
- Recognition of differences between planning horizons and implementation horizons for CIP/CTP and CLRP



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Question #12 – Is the effect of increased congestion on through travelers an acceptable tradeoff?

- Increasing LSC value as a destination reduces number of through travelers
- Plan meets PAMR standards and proposed LATR requirements
- APFO will be met as development occurs
- Staging plan ensures CCT, mode shares, and infrastructure are phased even if APFO otherwise satisfied



Attachment B – Council President Questions

Question #13: Would jobs in GWMP would reduce jobs at Metro stations, in East County, and in the urban ring?

- County must plan for TOD growth opportunities beyond Metro
- County's premier location for life sciences must be competitive within the region and nation to attract new companies & workers
- Protect public and private investments made here by allowing TOD growth
- Other County locations could benefit from a strengthened LSC
- Biotech & Research is a "contact sport" industry that enjoys synergies of co-location to foster collaboration

Attachment B – Council President Questions

Question #14 How close in feet would 100' – 150' buildings be to the Belward Farm? Would communities have a line of sight to the farmstead?

 The closest a 100' or 150' building would be to the historic farm house would be 190 feet

Views of the historic farmstead from Darnestown Road as well as other

vantage points will be preserved.



